TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

WE NEVER CHEAPEN quality in order to cheapen goods at the Peoples' Popular Prescription Pharmacy.
C. E. JONES,
36 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1894. No. 285

When Shakespeare Wrote

"Who steals my purse steals trash," he had no idea what nice purses could be manufactured in these later days. We have a big consignment of the best. All Card Cases, Combination Purse and Card Cases, Cigar and Cigarette Cases in Seal, Russia, Morocco, Alligator, Etc., assorted Colors with Sterling Silver Mountings, Assorted Colors. The imperative purpose to sell governs all prices.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
47 Government Street.

RECEIVED THIS DAY....
Monday, 26th Nov., 1894,
12 Packages
.....CONTAINING.....
Misses and Children's Jackets
ALSO New Styles in Capes,
Waterproofs, Jackets, Etc.
The Westside J. HUTCHESON & CO.

C. H. STICKELS .... ROOMS: 19 to 22 .... Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. ..
Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

DO WE
A. Gregg & Son, TAILORS, 62 Yates St.
Number you among our patrons?
If not WHY NOT?

MONSTER AUCTION SALE
-OF-
Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
The entire stock must be sold to the highest bidder without reserve. Sale commences FRIDAY, November 23rd, at 2:30 and 7:30 p.m. and continuing daily until sold. Don't forget the place.
49 GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company
... ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER ...
Turkeys, live .....10c. per lb
Turkeys, dressed .....20c. per lb
Geese, from .....$1.25 to $1.50 each
Ducks .....$1.25 per pair
Chickens from .....80c. to $1 per pair
Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.
22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, 8 rooms, all modern improvements; fine location. Meister Sue & Co., 75 Government street. n27-3t

WANTED—Banjo lessons by young man (mornings). Address stating terms and particulars to "Banjo," Times office. 1t

TO BE LET or leased the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora Avenue, City. n24-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—A nearly new upright piano, New York make; a splendid instrument; a bargain. Apply to E. C. Times office. 1t

WHEN WE USE THE WORD "BEST" we can substantiate what we say; the Bush & Gert's Pianos are the best in tone, quality and durability. T. W. Fletcher, agent. n23-3t

LOST—A large orange colored St. Bernard dog. Any person found harboring the same after this date will be prosecuted. J. St. Clair Blackett, 74 Yates St. n27-1t

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Major Jarvis of the N. W. Mounted Police Dies at Calgary Yesterday.

The Derocher Ballot System is Sold to the Dominion Government.

Toronto, Nov. 27.—The Canadian Printer and Publisher states that some important changes are taking place in the affairs of the Toronto Empire. The ownership of the paper is passing from the hands of about six hundred and odd shareholders into a financially strong syndicate composed of Senator Sanford, W. R. Brock, Lieut.-Col. John I. Davidson, Sir Frank Smith, Thomas Long and Warring Kennedy of Toronto; R. A. Lucas, of Hamilton; A. F. Gault and D. Morrice, Montreal; Captain Murray, St. Catharines, and other prominent Conservatives. As they are taking over the unpaid stock and paying up the balance of the calls, the syndicate came to an understanding with Sir John Thompson and other members of the government, who are paying up and transferring their own stock and using their influence to get the other shareholders to do the same. Creighton, the managing director, will be given a freer hand than in the past.

William Lace and his alleged wife were committed by the magistrate on a charge of manslaughter in causing the death of a child left at their baby farm.

Calgary, Nov. 27.—Major Jarvis, of the mounted police, died here yesterday morning.

Kingston, Nov. 27.—Rev. Dr. Jackson, of the First Congregational church, announced his resignation to the congregation last evening. He has accepted a call to a new English church. His most intimate friends were not aware that he had any intention of leaving the city, therefore his resignation causes great surprise.

Essex, Ont., Nov. 27.—The house occupied by Captain Scott and Lieut. Mitchell, of the Salvation Army, was entered by burglars last night while the officers were at the barracks. All the young ladies' clothes were stolen and a number of other articles.

Goderich, Ont., Nov. 27.—A large and influential meeting of Patrons of West Huron was held at Carlow on Saturday to select a candidate to represent them at the next election for the Dominion house. David Forrester of Clinton was chosen.

Montreal, Nov. 27.—The city council has adopted the election ballot system invented by Mayor Derocher of Ottawa, the right to which he has sold to the Dominion government for $7000.

Chatham, Nov. 27.—Charles Bevin, farmer, was held up by footpads on the night of September 22nd and robbed of all his money. Immediately after being robbed he came back to Chatham and bought a revolver, vowing to shoot the first man he met on the road who stopped. The first man to do so was William Ellerbeck, a young farmer, a neighbor, who wanted a ride. It was dark at the time, and Bevin fired, hitting Ellerbeck in the leg. The identity of the man who did the shooting was unknown until to-day, when Bevin was arrested on the charge. Ellerbeck has since had to have his leg amputated.

Kingston, Nov. 27.—At a workingmen's meeting Principal Grant made a short address. He said that he advocated principles of righteousness, which would win in the end. The state was a very bad manager of enterprises. The Intercolonial railway was the only railway owned by the government and it had run half or three-quarters of a million behind. It was the same with the Gallop Canal, the Curran bridge and everything else the government had a finger in.

Toronto, Nov. 27.—At the boodle enquiry to-day Goldie and McCullough, of Galt, testified to having thought of tendering for the street railway engines. They saw Hewett, who said he had some influence. No commission was mentioned and the company did not tender. J. V. Verral said he remembered being in the headquarters saloon one night and seeing Guelch, Shields and Harry Piper. No bribe of $15,000 was ever mentioned to him. Piper afterwards asked him how he intended to vote. Piper then gave him a letter from the Detroit Asphalt Company, which said he would receive $5000 if he continued to vote right. That letter caused Verral to vote the wrong way. He had seen a letter addressed to another alderman, the name of whom he gave to the judge. Several witnesses when wanted this morning could not be found.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—Canada has declined to take part in the Atlanta exhibition officially. Ex-Alderman Borthwick is a candidate for the Ottawa mayoralty.

Montreal, Nov. 27.—The civic hospital for contagious diseases will be opened to-morrow and diphtheria patients will be treated by the serum method.

Lord Aberdeen, accompanied by his A. D. C., Major Erskine, will leave for New York to-morrow night to attend the St. Andrew's festivities there.

Oakville, Man., Nov. 27.—A young Englishman by the name of Fred Standon, was killed yesterday at 5:30 by the falling of a tree on his head. He has no relatives in this country.

Yorktown, N. W. T., Nov. 27.—H. W. A. Mullins, of Toronto, has just bought and shipped ten carloads of prime beef cattle for the Christmas trade in the east. They have been unanimously conceded to be the finest cattle in the district and are creditable alike to the stock men and the country. This will likely be the last large shipment this year. Yorktown is coming to the front as a good stock-raising country, comparing favorably with Calgary and the west.

CHEST PROTECTORS
AN ELEGANT LINE.
LATEST DESIGNS.
LOWEST PRICES.
COCHRANE & MUNN, - Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—By the 5th of December, a girl or woman to cook and assist with children. Address A. M., Times office. 27-3t

WANTED—A young woman of experience as nurse and to assist in light house work. Reply, giving references to H., Times office. nov27-3t

WANTED—A good boy to learn the tinsmith trade. Apply to Lewis Lewis. 1t

TO LET—Large store, 44 Yates street, also the two flats above same. Apply to Lewis Lewis on premises. n27-1w

Don't Forget the Concert and Dance
Under the auspices of Court Robin Hood No. 8100, A. O. F., to be held in FAIRALL'S HALL, Victoria West, on THURSDAY, 29th of November, 1894. Stanley Orchestra. Gents, 50 cts., ladies, 25 cts. 3t

COAL. COAL.
Go to 28 Yates Street for Wellington Coal
Telephone No. 449.
G. GAWLEY.

Liberal Association
An adjourned meeting of the Liberal Association will be held in the Philharmonic Hall, Fort Street, on THURSDAY evening, November 29th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Committee appointed to submit the names of probable candidates.
J. T. BETHUNE, Secretary.
nov27

CONCERT
In aid of First Victoria Company
BOYS' BRIGADE!
Under the patronage of Lieut-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, Lt.-Col. Prior, Col. Peters, D. A. G.
Y. M. C. A., 40 BROAD STREET.
Wednesday, Nov'mb'r 28
ADMISSION..... 50 Cents.

A GREAT
Auction Sale
-OF-
FURNITURE,
Will be held
To-Morrow, Wednesday,
At 11 o'clock, at
Our sale rooms. For the purpose of this sale, which includes the furnishings of 30 rooms, another store close to our own has been engaged and the sale will commence in those premises.
TERMS CASH.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.
nov27-1t Auctioneers.

CANADA-FRANCO TREATY.

Discussed at Length in the French Chamber of Deputies.

Paris, Nov. 27.—The opponents of the Canadian commercial arrangement called attention to the advantage accorded Canadian timber and apples and how hurtful these advantages were to the producers of Northern France. They contended that Canada's concession did not compensate for the injury done to the northern part of the republic. M. Berger replied that the Canadian convention would export French wines and general French products which could go to the Orient by way of the new direct lines of steamers from France to Canada. Foreign Minister Hanotaux contended that the convention will be advantageous to French commerce. "This is the first time," he said, "that Canada had concluded a treaty by virtue of the powers recently conceded to the Dominion by the Imperial government, and recollecting her origin, Canada had decided to conclude the first treaty with France." M. Hemon said "the treaty would be harmful to the agriculturalists of Western France."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

DEATH OF PRINCESS BISMARCK

The Aged Wife of the Great German Chancellor Dead—Earthquakes.

French-Canadian Treaty Ratified by French Chamber of Deputies.

Rome, Nov. 27.—Violent shocks of earthquake were felt at Brescia this morning. Shocks were also felt at Bologna and Verona.

A dispatch from Varzin announces the death of Princess Bismarck, who died at 5 o'clock this morning. Prince Bismarck is completely stricken down by the death of his wife. Bismarck today apprised the Emperor of his affliction, and the latter sent him a long message of sympathy. Princess Bismarck will probably be buried at Schonhausen.

A London dispatch says advices from Gibraltar say that the British ship Southern Cross lost two of her crew in the gale which recently swept the Atlantic.

A dispatch from London states: The dead body of a woman of the town was found in the street in Kensington at midnight last night. She had been stabbed in the neck, but no indication of "Ripperism" was observable in connection with the murder.

A dispatch from Paris announces that the Chamber of Deputies to-day voted to adopt the proposed commercial arrangement with Canada.

A Tokio dispatch says: The Japanese will next land troops to the eastward of Weihaiwei, attacking that place from the rear and afterwards marching to Pekin.

A dispatch from Madrid announces that a decree has been issued abolishing public executions.

The Cologne Gazette publishes a dispatch from Kiel stating that the Brazilian government has ordered the construction of four cruisers to be built in German dock yards.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Japanese Army Under Yamagata Continues Invasion of Manchuria.

San Francisco, Nov. 27.—Correspondence of the United Press per steamer Oceanic says:

Fenghwan was captured by the Japanese on the 28th of October. Counting the spoils of the campaign of Yalu, they found 55 cannon, 15,000 stand of rifles, 2000 rounds of field gun ammunition, 2,500,000 rounds of small arm ammunition, 300 tents and a large amount of stores of grain and provisions. Their total casualties had been one officer and 15 men killed, one soldier drowned and four officers and 87 men wounded. The Chinese had left 300 dead and 7 wounded upon the field, but contrived to carry off the rest of the wounded. From the morning when the column of the Satos brigade crossed the Yalu until the occupation of Fenghwan, only five days elapsed, but that brief period sufficed to shatter the Chinese defence in Manchuria. No serious obstacle, except, perhaps, winter, now seems to lie between Count Yamagata's army and Moukden.

The first Japanese army under Field Marshal Yamagata continues the invasion of Manchuria. It's last capture was Fenghwan, a walled town of 100,000 inhabitants 35 miles north of the Yalu river. Fenghwan had the reputation of being one of the most important as well one of the most defensible positions of Manchuria. Rumor said that the Chinese generals had massed there 200,000 to 300,000 there, the flower of a big army, generally estimated at 180,000 men, and that it constitutes the bulwarks of Manchuria. Rumor said also that differences of opinion had arisen among the generals and that their defence was not unlikely to lack unanimity. Field Marshal Yangata did not give them much time to settle their disputes. His troops entered Chiu Lien on the morning of the 26th of October, and in the afternoon a column set out in pursuit of the fleeing Chinese along the road leading north to Moukden. By the evening of the 27th this column had covered 35 miles and was conducting a reconnaissance within cannon range of Fenghwan. The Chinese did not wait to be scrutinized closely. They set fire to the town and then executed their favorite manoeuvre of decamping during the night.

London, Nov. 27.—A Shanghai dispatch says that the viceroy Li Hung Chang has been deprived by the Emperor of all his honors, but he is permitted, however, to retain his public functions.

It is predicted that war would exercise a crippling influence on the foreign trade of Japan. The trade for eight months of the year aggregated 147,000,000 yen against 111,000,000 for the corresponding period of last year. According to the present indications, the total trade for the year will exceed that of any previous year by by 30,000,000 yen.

Whenever the Chinese have placed between themselves and the invaders of their country an interval sufficient to temporarily postpone fighting, they set to work to administer good thrashing to the Japanese by telegraph. These stories are flashed across the wires to New York and London, receiving perennial belief. Nothing deters the fabricators of these fake stories or warns their credulous audience. Even after the Japs had taken Chiulien and Fenghwan, Europe was being told of their repeated repulses on the banks of Yalu, and ten days subsequent to the landing of the Japanese army of 20,000 men, on the Liau Tung peninsula, the Shanghai papers were declaring that not a Japanese soldier was to be seen on the west coast of the Yellow Sea. It is a campaign of outrageous lying and the capacity of the Occidental public for swallowing castrole appears to develop in proportion to the demands made on it.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Women Protest Against Patronizing Establishments Which Overwork Women.

Comments on the Armenian Massacre—Amsterdam Bakers Out on Strike.

London, Nov. 27.—Delegates from nearly 80 women's societies in different parts of the country assembled yesterday in national convention at the Holborn town hall in response to a call issued by the Women's Trade Union Association for the purpose of considering the feasibility of a federation on the lines of the Men's Trade Congress of this country and the American Federation of labor. Miss Frances Hicks, who delivered the opening address, criticized the well-meaning and benevolent women who were wasting energy in endeavoring to place female labor into channels already overflowing while continuing to patronize high-toned stores in which gross scandals and hardships, as well as open defiance of the law were permitted. She scored the so-called philanthropic ladies who patronized the milliners and dry goods shops and bought their bonnets and mantles from jaded girls in their teens and who were compelled to stand on their feet from twelve to fifteen hours a day not daring to protest as the result would be their dismissal to the street at an hour's notice.

A committee appointed yesterday to draw up a programme reported this morning on the basis upon which such federation should be organized and it was unanimously adopted. This basis is as follows: A central council composed of representatives of various societies, and possibly of individuals possessing special experience. A finance committee, to obtain funds for work approved for the central council; to inspect accounts periodically and to report. An investigation committee, to obtain and schedule information concerning conditions of women's employments. Among the subjects which this committee might investigate are: women's and children's employment in shops, in season trades, in unhealthy trades, in trades where women compete with men, the sanitation of workshops, etc. An educational committee, to arrange debates, discussions and lectures to working women's clubs and societies; and to draft leaflets and pamphlets embodying information on special legal and industrial points. A statistical committee, to collect and tabulate information already existing in government blue books, foreign publications and the local press. An organization committee, to assist and promote trade organizations, technical and other classes, social clubs, etc. A parliamentary and legal committee, to watch parliamentary proceedings, to note special and test cases in the law courts, and to promote such legislative action as the central council may consider desirable. This committee should also take an active part in the election of women to various public bodies and in securing their appointment to public bodies. An executive committee was appointed to perfect the legal details connected with the incorporation of the new federation under the laws relating thereto.

Lord Ripon, colonial secretary, received to-day a deputation from the chamber of commerce and the allied sections known as the Society of Authors, the Copyright Association and the Print Sellers' Association. Lord Ripon said he intended to discuss the matter fully with Sir John Thompson, the Canadian premier, at the first opportunity, but was anxious to learn first the opinion of such bodies as he had the honor to be receiving. The desires of one of the great colonies were entitled to his most serious consideration.

If the house of magnates rejects the religious liberty bill again the Hungarian cabinet will probably resign. In religious circles it is regarded as much more pernicious than their civil marriage bill.

Repeated earthquakes shocked Reggia and Messina, Italy, to-day. The terror of the inhabitants increases. Many families are destitute of shelter and have only the clothes on their backs. Relief committees are organizing rapidly, and a special relief bill is in preparation for parliament.

Since yesterday morning the journeymen bakers of Amsterdam have been out on strike. Bread has been scarce and the master bakers have sold it to-day only under police protection. Forty master bakers yielded to-night, but the rest refuse to treat with the men.

The Daily Telegraph will mention tomorrow the rumors that more gold will be shipped to New York on account of the treasury loan and that the Bank of England directors have decided to invest a large sum in subscriptions. A Russian 3 1-2 per cent. loan of twenty million pounds will be launched here and in other capitals shortly.

The Daily Chronicle's St. Petersburg correspondent says: "There was no banquet owing to the mourning. The absence of decorations was greatly remarked as something unprecedented. There were no illuminations. The amnesty manifesto is extremely long and breathes benevolence in every line. It is the greatest amnesty accorded in half a century and is a fitting accompaniment of the royal wedding."

The escort with the French residents of Antananarivo, Madagascar, arrived at Majunga on November 21, without having lost a man.

A Berlin dispatch to the Times says the semi-official North German Gazette states that the anti-revolutionary bills, which were referred yesterday by the bundesrath to a committee will probably have precedence over all other bills in the reichstag.

In every division except one the progressives headed the poll for the new school board. The total progressive vote was 766,206, the total clerical vote 612,622. The Rev. Joseph R. Diggle, president of the retiring board, and Athelstan Riley, clerical champions, were returned. Mr. Riley had the lowest vote of all the candidates returned from his division.

Canadian residents interested in the cattle trade criticise severely the letter received by Sir John Long from Rt. Hon. Herbert Gardner, president of the board of agriculture, and published yesterday evening. They say Mr. Gardner merely exposes the weakness of his position, and asks how Canada can watch and report cases of pleuro-pneumonia when none such can be found in the Dominion. The board of agriculture is well aware, they contend, that the strictest enquiries in Canada as to the Mongolian and other reported cases failed to give grounds for suspicions. It is understood that Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian high commissioner, is preparing a reply to Mr. Gardner.

The Armenian Catholics have written to the London Society of Armenians commending the efforts of the Armenian colonies in Europe to expose the wretchedness of the Christians in Armenia.

In a leader on the eastern Armenian outrages the Daily News will say tomorrow: "The foreign office needs some spiriting in the matter of the Armenian massacres. Under the Berlin treaty the responsibility for the delay of the reforms in Armenia lies at our own door. The government ought to insist upon them or at least should tell the Sublime Porte that the harrying of the Armenians must end."

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Suicide of a Swindling Bank Teller in New York.

New York, Nov. 26.—The paying teller of the National Shoe and Leather bank to-day positively identified the alleged suicide Baker as the man who acted in collusion with Bookkeeper Seely in looting the bank. He declared that he had known Baker for eight years and during that time had cashed cheques presented by the dead man as often as three times a week. The bank was opened for business to-day as usual. There is not the slightest sign of a run on the institution. Matters are going on in the usual routine. Nothing has been heard from the absconding bookkeeper Seely.

It is learned that as far back as fifteen years ago Lawyer Baker, implicated in the National Shoe and Leather bank robbery, began his speculations and his stealings from a number of estates of which he was executor, and which will aggregate a sum far above that taken from the bank. Persons who trusted him are alleging this morning that he appropriated large sums of money belonging to them. His own books will be the only means of showing the amount of his stealings. They are in the custody of his son Frederick. It is believed the money he took from the bank went to pay the heirs of those estates whose funds he had misappropriated. One man named Kagel discovered to-day that Baker had transferred fifteen years ago sixty-five shares of the Chatham National bank, which was part of the estate of Kagel's father, and during all these years he had been paying the Kagel heirs the dividends thereon. According to the story of the counsel for the absconding bookkeeper Seely, Baker at one time overdrew his account at the National Shoe and Leather bank and prevailed upon Seely to keep the matter quiet, and from that time on had him in his power.

It is stated that the New York agent of the Connecticut Indemnity Life Insurance company, of Waterbury, Conn., wrote a ten thousand dollar policy for Frederick Baker last Monday. Baker objected to the suicide clause. Baker had two policies amounting to twenty-five thousand dollars on his life in favor of his wife.

MARRIED, NOT MATED.

The Queer Story Told by an Applicant for Divorce.

New York, Nov. 27.—The marriage of Miss Frances E. Barcle to Mr. E. M. Schuester, in Brooklyn on June 30th, 1890, had some peculiarly novel features. The bride was not quite sixteen years of age at the time, and according to her sworn statement before Justice Wm. J. Gaynor of the supreme court, to whom she has applied for divorce, had never for a moment contemplated such a thing as matrimony with Mr. Schuester. It seems that Miss Nellie Noole and John Barton had arranged to get married and were accompanied to the house of Rev. Mr. Wilson in Cedar street, by Miss Barcle and Mr. Schuester in the capacity of bridesmaid and best man respectively. Miss Barcle and Mr. Schuester stood up at one side of the real bride and groom while the ceremony was in progress. Miss Barcle signed some paper which was handed to her by the minister, and when she was going away he rolled up the paper and handed it to her. She supposed it had some bearing on the marriage of Miss Noole and Mr. Barton, and was surprised greatly soon afterwards when she found it was a certificate of her own alleged marriage with Mr. Schuester. "It was a double wedding," the young woman explained to Justice Gaynor, "although I did not know it at the time Mr. Schuester went as I understood, to stand as witness to the marriage of Nellie Noole and John Barton, afterwards I was told that I had been married at the same time, but I never dreamed of such a thing. I never lived with Mr. Schuester and he never contributed a cent toward my support." Justice Gaynor adjourned the hearing for a further testimony. Three weeks ago young Schuester disappeared.

Trivvet—Young Spudds takes Miss Munn's refusal very much to heart."

Dicer—Well, it's a very serious matter with him. He'll have to try to earn his own living now.

Whosoever Heareth

Men and Women Who Are Martyrs to Rheumatism Can be Thoroughly Cured.

Paine's Celery Compound The Infallible Remedy.

The great modern triumph of medical science is Paine's Celery Compound. Its marvellous curing powers are talked of in every quarter of the civilized world, and the ablest physicians are astonished with its life-giving and health-restoring results.

As a positive cure for rheumatism and sciatica, Paine's Celery Compound has no equal known to man. In Canada alone this wonderful medicine has cured more rheumatic men and women than have been cured by all other combined agencies. The most obstinate and most desperate cases have been met with perfect success. Hundreds of testimonials from the very best people of Canada support every claim made for Paine's Celery Compound.

Are you suffering from rheumatism or sciatica, dear reader? Have you met with reverses and failures in the past through the use of deceptive and worthless preparations? There are many we know who have been driven deeper into sufferings and agonies owing to experiments with pills and mixtures and compounds that are positively harmful and dangerous.

If you are now using any such medicines stop them at once, if you value your life. Ask your druggist or dealer for Paine's Celery Compound, that will surely and certainly banish your troubles.

The following letter from Mr. G. J. McDonald, merchant tailor, of Cornwall, Ont., demonstrates the superiority of nature's medicine:—

"After having given your Paine's Celery Compound a thorough testing, I am pleased to say a few words in its favor. For three years I suffered terribly from rheumatism. It seemed to me that I was forced to endure all the agonies and pains that a mortal could possibly experience from the dreadful disease.

"While suffering I tried many of the advertised medicines and also doctors' prescriptions; but never found a cure until I procured a supply of Paine's Celery Compound from McHaffie & Elvidge, druggists, of this town. Paine's Celery Compound worked like a charm—it seemed to strike at the very root of my trouble. I am now cured; all pains are banished, and in every respect I am a new man.

"I shall always consider it a pleasure and duty to strongly recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all who are afflicted with rheumatism."

Cable News.

London, Nov. 26.—The czar has been appointed honorary colonel of the Scots Greys regiment. The queen will give a banquet at Windsor this evening in honor of the marriage of her granddaughter Princess Alix to the emperor of Russia.

Mr. J. Alcide Chausse
Montreal, P. Q.

A Marvelous Medicine

Whenever Given a Fair Trial Hood's Proves Its Merit.

The following letter is from Mr. J. Alcide Chausse, architect and surveyor, No. 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Canada:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for about six months and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. Last May my weight was 152 pounds, but since I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla it has increased to 163. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is a marvellous medicine and am very much pleased with it." J. ALCIDE CHAUSSE.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' TRIAL. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by Ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all else fails. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail in Before. After. LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. sogtf

Don't Wait till Sickness Comes before Buying a Bottle of PERRY DAVIS' **PAIN-KILLER** You may need it to-night

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

... ALSO ...

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

HOTELS, ETC.

The Hotel Victoria!

Is daily becoming more popular under the management of

E. ESCALET.

Now that the house has been put into good shape, local people will find that they can get one of the finest meals in the city, and at moderate prices. Special attention is being paid to private dinner parties.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 190 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fluxerfelt, Gorge Road.

GROCERIES.

CASH!

GO TO JOHNS BROS., FOR

FLOUR,
BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP, WHEAT,
ETC.

Best in Quality and Lowest in Prices.

261 DOUGLAS ST., Cor. Kings Road.

Just Received . . .

New Orleans Molasses,
New Raisins,
Toronto Buck-Wheat Flour,
Lipton's Teas,
Glasgow Beef and Ham.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 38 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

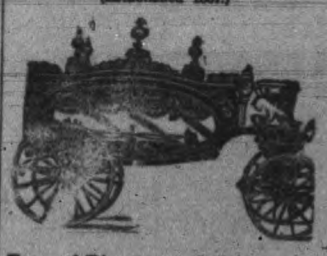
Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

Victoria Metal Works Co.

J. FITZPATRICK.

Sanitary Plumbers, Steam and Hot Water Engineers.

COPPER, BRASS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

Repairing Bicycles, etc.; also First Class Brazing and general repairing of Tinware. Dealers in New and Second Hand Stoves.

117 FORT STREET.

Dentists' Notice.

We, the undersigned dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices on Saturday afternoons after one o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Verrinder, D. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, S. M. Hartman, H. F. Moody. n5-1m

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

PLACED BEFORE THE COUNCIL

Grand Jury Findings Sent to the City Fathers—Broad Tire By-Law Proposed.

Watch Dogs of Treasury Abroad—Tenders Received—Admitted to the Home.

All of the board of aldermen except Ald. Harris were present at the regular weekly meeting held last evening, and Mayor Teague presided. There was not a great amount of business disposed of and the board adjourned at 9:15.

Mr. Justice Drake transmitted the moral reform finding of the grand jury, which was published when it was returned by the jury. His lordship said that the matters dealt with came within the special province of municipal councils. The letter and findings were referred to the police commissioners and chief of police.

Drake, Jackson and Helmcken wrote reporting that Contractor Walkely at work on Langley street had refused to replace a couple of windows broken by blasts. Referred to the street committee with power to act.

C. E. Renouf, hon. secretary of the British Columbia Agricultural Society, reported that he had re-engaged Mr. Beaumont as watchman at the agricultural buildings on the same terms, viz., that he receive the use of the grounds for his cattle. Mr. Renouf also acknowledged the receipt of the list of the names of the directors chosen by the city to sit on the board of the society. The letter was received and filed.

Wm. Snyder wrote calling attention to the necessity for a by-law to put the four-inch tire act in effect in the city of Victoria. He said that he believed the city would effect a great saving in expenses on streets.

Ald. Baker placed himself on record as being firmly in favor of such a by-law. He knew the provincial government had effected a saving.

Ald. Ledingham said that he had while in the country investigated the matter and had intended to bring in such a by-law.

Ald. Vigelius moved, seconded by Ald. Dwyer, that the letter go to the street committee with instructions to prepare a by-law and report to the council. The motion carried.

The finance committee reported recommending the appropriation of $3506.22 out of the general revenue. It took the usual course. The same committee recommended the appropriation of $3477.31 out of the water works loan by-law. It took the usual course.

The Old Men's Home committee reported recommending the admission to the home of David Murray of Comox as a provincial government inmate, and G. Knowles and William Beal of Victoria. The electric light committee reported recommending that a couple of minor changes be made in the new building, the cost not to exceed $200. The report was adopted. The changes include a heater pit and the deepening of the condenser pit 2 feet.

Ald. Ledingham moved that a record be kept of all rock taken from the streets being sewered. The rock was being put down in streets and other places where it was benefitting the property. For instance the property owners on Langley street were paying for excavating and sewerage and also for the improvement of other streets. He had not bulletined his motion, and had not intended to make the matter public. He simply wanted a record kept as the matter would come up later on.

Ald. Baker said he did not see it as Ald. Ledingham did. He did not see how the property owners on a street were affected. It did not matter to them what was done. This was a matter between the contractor and the city and the city was being benefitted.

His worship declared the motion out of order because it was not bulletined.

The voters' list by-law was reconsidered, adopted and finally passed.

Ald. Styles strongly urged that the second filter bed at Beaver Lake be cleaned out so as to meet the requirements of the city and provide against a shortage of water in case of fire.

The by-law providing for the stringing of electric wires was brought up but Ald. Vigelius objected on the grounds of the expense attached to passing by-laws. He moved that the matter be referred to the finance committee. Ald. Wilson seconded the motion. He said they were getting along to the end of the year and should watch expenses.

Ald. Munn said he regarded it as remarkable that a by-law brought forward by himself should be the first objected to on the grounds of expense. There were some very smart men on the finance committee who knew it all, but he was not in the habit of going on his knees to the finance committee before bringing in a measure he thought right. He brought the by-law forward in keeping with a promise made to the ratepayers in January last. The by-law had been prepared from similar measures in force in all of the large cities on the continent. He had submitted it to the fire underwriters, the architects, the Victoria Electric Company and the Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Co., and it had been approved.

Ald. Dwyer said he felt that there was a great need for such a by-law and he favored it very strongly. However, he would like a week in which to look the by-law over.

Ald. Vigelius said he was not opposed to the by-law but believed they should look to the expense.

Ald. Humphrey said he too wanted time to go into the by-law.

Ald. Baker was in favor of such a by-law, but said they should look to the expense.

Ald. Wilson said there were certain funds that were low and he did not believe measures should be forced that there were no finances to meet.

Ald. Munn—Oh, if that is so withdraw the by-law. Do not blame it but let the responsibility for finances rest where it belongs.

The by-law was laid over for a week.

The tenders for the mast arms were not opened, but were left in the hands of the committee to either open after consultation with the electrical engineer or call for new tenders. The Albion Iron Works and Hinton and Penny submitted tenders for the clutch pulleys and line shafting for the electric light works, and the committee will award to the lowest tenderer.

It was announced that there would be a special meeting this week to go into water matters and other business of importance pending.

PROFESSOR CHARLES FAUVEL, M.D.

ONE OF THE MOST DISTINGUISHED SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE.—FOUNDER OF A LARGE FREE DISPENSARY IN PARIS.

Professor Fauvel was born in 1830, at Amiens, and now resides in Paris. For his high attainments in his profession he has received almost every mark of distinction that could be conferred upon him by his country or his confreres in medicine. These are his words, 'Of all the tonics, none equal "Vin Mariani." I use it personally and for my family, and have prescribed it for more than twenty years with unvarying satisfaction to myself and patients.' Vin Mariani is the only tonic-stimulant without any unpleasant reaction and which may be taken indefinitely. If you are tired, weak, nervous, irritable, if you feel a want of energy and have not a good appetite, just try 'Vin Mariani.' Surely a remedy recommended by thousands of eminent people the world over is worth a single trial. Send stamp to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian agents, and receive, gratis, a beautiful little album containing the photographs of many celebrities who have testified to the excellence of 'Vin Mariani.'

THE WATER WORKS BONDS

To the Editor:—In connection with the sale of water works debentures I observe the Colonist of Saturday contains an explanation from the mayor why the highest bidder did not secure the city securities. For a sample of genuine innocence read the explanation:

"Mayor Teague on being asked yesterday to explain why the loan was not awarded to Mr. Chapman, whose bid was $103.02 on the hundred dollars, explained that when the tenders were opened and Mr. Chapman was found to be the highest bidder, he wired to him at Montreal that the tender was accepted. No answer being received the banks and financial men in Montreal were communicated with, but still nobody seemed to know Mr. Chapman. In the meantime, on the day succeeding the opening of the tenders, no effort was made to conceal the names of the tenderers, and several people were allowed to have copies of the list, one being given to the telegraph office.

"In other loans I had kept the secret," said the Mayor, "until the negotiations were completed, but it had been represented to me that financial men were anxious to know at the earliest opportunity whether their tenders were successful or not, so I concluded in this instance to make the list public as soon as possible."

Great Scott! No wonder the city bonds lately are not taken at the figures of the highest bidder. The financial agent who puts in half a dozen tenders would be a fool to pay any more than the list so kindly furnished him shows it is necessary to pay in order to obtain the debentures. We are altogether too simple to hold our own against the rest of the world. FINANCE.

WATER WORKS IMPROVEMENT.

To the Editor:—The summary action of the city council in refusing to consider the possibility of adopting it, or some similar scheme of construction to that submitted by Civil Engineer Gray instead of purchasing the water shed at Elk and Beaver Lakes, shows a curious unwillingness on the part of the city council to open a possibly new field of labor to the working classes of this city.

It seems now quite certain that an expenditure of over one hundred thousand dollars at least is contemplated for that purchase, and all things else being equal it was to be hoped and expected that this money would be spent in a way that would most benefit the people of this city at large.

As now proposed this money will go into the pockets of a few outside people, many of whom having a windfall may leave the country. On the reverse, if spent on labor what an incalculable blessing, the disbursement of such a sum among our own people, so many of whom dread the coming winter would be, and by this means the outlay indirectly returns to the ratepayers generally.

I would not propose to sacrifice the object of the by-law, namely, the improvement of our water supply, to this or any outside issue, but it is to be trusted that the council, if only in the interests and for the satisfaction of the laboring classes, will not shelve this matter but let Mr. Gray's idea or anyone else's that may be presented be thoroughly gone into and ventilated in the hopes that some plan fulfilling the requirements and at the same time benefitting our people in a pecuniary way may be the outcome.

To say a plan has been endorsed and is carried out is nonsense, as the departure proposed effect only the purchase of the watershed and at this date I doubt if any land has been actually bought. LABOUR.

Victoria, Nov. 26.

SEGREGATE.

To the Editor:—Will the Times kindly echo the voice of the people through its columns. If so print the following: The subject of reform is agitating the public mind. I, as a property owner and father of a family, living near View street, pray the public to have the houses of ill-repute reduced in number and removed to a street that is not a public thoroughfare, such as Broughton or Courtney streets where there is neither private or public residences or property to be depreciated in value. They are isolated and with only one place to walk by. These streets have been used for such purposes for years. Why not put them where they are not a public nuisance? Will some of the residents express their voices through the Times. A TAX PAYER.

PEANUTS IN GERMANY.

Teutons Take Kindly to the Sweetest Groundnut.

Many years ago the author of "The Chemistry of Common Life" indicated the groundnut as a probable or actual substitute for cocoa—or roasted, ground, and prepared in the same way as chocolate. He mentioned that in Spain the earth chestnut was even then being consumed as a substitute for coffee. The quality of peanuts, however, varies much more than might be supposed. The poorest are found on the Madras coast, and the best in the region of the Senegal, in West Africa, and it is, apparently, only since they began to develop interest in Africa that the Germans have discovered the food value of this humble product.

In 1893 upward of 20,000 tons of peanuts were imported into Germany, of which 8,500 tons came from West Africa, 5,500 tons from East Africa, and the rest from the East Indies. For the manipulation of the peanut there are now twenty-seven factories constantly employed at Hamburg, Mannheim, Heilbronn, and elsewhere.

The imports from West Africa are in the shell, which, while making them more bulky and adding to the freight, has compensating advantages. For instance, the nut is apt to be crushed or injured when shipped without the husk, and also to become strong, if not rancid, in flavor by exposure.

The husks make up about 25 per cent. of the weight of a shipment, but are not all loss, even when their productive functions are over, for in Germany they are used in rough papermaking, and also, when ground up as food for cattle. From West Africa and India the nuts are imported without the shells—the reason doubtless being to secure cheaper freight.—All the Year Round.

A Great Battle

Is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain the victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag the victim to the grave. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore bodily health for many years.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sickness, indigestion and biliousness. 25c.

FUEL.

W. T. Drake

Supplies His Customers (AS USUAL) with

BEST COAL

At $7 PER TON.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C. Telephone 502. nov9-tf

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THE "GROTTO"

AND HAVE A BOTTLE OF

MOIGNEAUX ✠ EXTRA ✠ DRY ✠ ✠ 84 CHAMPAGNE ✠ ✠

THE FINEST GOODS IN THE MARKET.

Why not try

WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?

Doctors highly recommend it to those

Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Only a Few Left

OF THOSE WONDERFUL PICTURES AT . . . . .

WEILER BROS.

These are marvellous productions for the price, elegantly framed and all good subjects.

We have had a great sale of them during the week, and offer the balance at the same

VERY LOW FIGURE.

WEILER BROS, - - - FORT STREET.

If You Need Strength

TAKE

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF It Strengthens

Wm. Harkness, F.C.S., Analytical Chemist to British Government says: "It is one of the most perfect foods I have ever examined."

CANADA

The publication of the PORTFOLIOS OF CANADIAN SCENES which was suspended during the holidays, has been resumed, and will be completed within a few weeks. Readers of the Times have already had an opportunity to procure Parts 1 to 8. Part 9 is now on hand. Cut out the Coupon in this paper and bring to Times office with 10c. (2c. additional if Portfolio is to be returned by mail) and receive Portfolio.

We will be able to supply a limited number of complete sets. For a Holiday Present a set of these handsome views or a set of America Photographed, which we can still furnish, would be "just the thing."

See Coupon in another place.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 160 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homœopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jn12-tf

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Potter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Port street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5715, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government str.et. Visiting brothers welcomed.
SIDNEY WILSON, sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fitzwilliam streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fitzwilliam streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

MUSICAL.

CLASS COURSE IN VOCAL MUSIC.
FIRST EVENING FREE TO ALL.

The Victoria Conservatory of Music respectfully announces the opening of a class in singing at the Y. M. C. A. hall, Broad street, on TUESDAY EVENING, November 27th, at 8 o'clock. The study will consist of Reading Music at Sight, Voice Culture, Chorus Singing.

In the terms of lessons planned in the above course the pupil will become able to read easily the music used in school, church and the Choral Society.

Terms for the course of 20 lessons, $5.00. (This includes the use of books and music.)

CLASS FOR CHILDREN—FIRST MORNING FREE TO ALL.

A singing class for children will be opened for children at the Victoria Conservatory of Music on SATURDAY MORNING, December 1st, at 10:30. The plan of teaching will be similar to that of the adult class. This class is especially for school children, boys and girls. Terms for children's class, course of 20 lessons, $3.00. (This includes use of books and music.)

For further information apply to the principal at the
Victoria Conservatory of Music, 288 Yates St.
nov24-2t

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

SITUATION WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED in store or warehouse by young man with good education and good penman; references. Address Y. M., Times office. n3-2t

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Immediately a thoroughly experienced steward; must have first class credentials as to character and ability. Apply by letter to the Secretary of the Union Club. n23-tf

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—To exchange, Building Society shares and city lot for house and lot, situate between Douglas, Vancouver, Humboldt and Johnson streets. State value. Address P. O. drawer 40. n16-tf

FOR SALE

GOOD, STRONG PONY, rig and harness for sale for $20; good traveler. Address "Pony," Times office. n26-3t

BAKERY FOR SALE—Cheap for cash; owner leaving for Europe. Apply to Louis Schmitz, box 245, Nanaimo, B. C. nov20-2w

MONEY TO LOAN—On Victoria real estate repayable by easy monthly payments by the Dominion Building and Loan Association of Toronto. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED for one year at 5 per cent. interest, and for two, three, four and five years at 6 per cent. interest by the Dominion Building and Loan Association of Toronto. A. W. More & Co., agents, 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—One horse, 7 years old, weight about 1,000 lbs.; one mare, 6 years old, weight about 1,500 lbs. Apply to H. E. Motler, 33 Constance St., City, at Sayward Mill Co.'s yard. n10-2w

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—A pup. Owner can have same from H. Lester, McClure St., by paying for advertisement. n26-3t

The Daily Times.

THE PASSING OF PROTECTION.

It is impossible to avoid seeing in the events of the day distinct indications of the approaching collapse of protection, and it is very instructive to observe how characteristic and uniform are its bearings upon the nations which have been inveigled into adopting it. The recent quotation in the Times describing the wretched conditions prevailing in Germany would indicate that there is something radically wrong with protection in the Fatherland. Protected France appears to be no better off than protected Germany, and French exports have declined $240,000,000 since the introduction of an aggravated form of the pernicious principle two years ago. Imports, also, show a serious diminution. M. Aynard, of the Lyons chamber of commerce, declares that the silk and woollen industries of France are closing their doors, and, with the exception of a few privileged monopolies, the chamber of commerce, after a diligent search, is unable to find a single industry that has not been damaged. The predictions uttered by M. Leon Say, when opposing the increases in the tariff two years ago, are fully borne out by the existing stagnation and alarming decline of foreign trade.

If we glance at the newer countries of the west, where it is claimed that protection is indispensable to the development of manufacturers, the same disasters are visible. In the United States during the first six months of the current year the foreign trade declined $139,254,890.

Even Canada does not appear to be enjoying the blessings of protection to a degree likely to excite jealousy. During the last four months Canadian exports declined $3,304,642 and the imports fell $5,440,063, a total decrease in the volume of foreign trade amounting to $8,744,305. To quote from a contemporary: "The candle was not only burning at both ends, but it was lighted in the middle by the new loan of $11,000,000 to meet the floating debt." Such are the results of protection in the four countries mentioned—France, Germany, the United States and Canada—two of them old and two of them comparatively young, but all of which employ the pernicious principles of protection in an aggravated form.

On the other hand, we see the foreign trade of free trade England steadily expanding, and during the period that the United States exports and imports declined $139,254,890 Britain's trade increased $12,646,978. But the most striking feature of the situation is the curious fact that the old country, which, according to Sir Hibbert Tupper, is being driven from the markets of the world and ruined by free trade, is the only nation in a position to advance the millions the countries enjoying all the blessings of protection find it necessary from time to time to borrow.

British statesmen recognize the economic truth that in order to be able to furnish foreign countries with British products they must open British ports and receive foreign goods in return—because all trade is substantially barter.

THE ORIENTAL CONTEST.

Men who had an intimate knowledge of both countries predicted at the opening of the war that Japan would "whip" China with comparative ease, notwithstanding the big country's advantage in numbers and wealth. The series of events and movements culminating with the capture of Port Arthur supply ample justification for those who foretold, and the number who express the belief that China is no match for Japan has now very largely increased. It may be possible, however, for Japan to be a little too "cocky" over the terms of peace and throw away the fruits of victory by exacting too much. The chief cause of her success has lain in the weakness of the Chinese political system, the awful corruption and fraud that paralyze every branch of the Chinese public service. Had China's army turned out actually as it was "on paper" the Japs would have found it impossible to wade through its vast multitudes to Pekin. But of course it did not so turn out. The viceroy of each Chinese province is expected in time of war to contribute a certain number of soldiers for the army, for the equipment and maintenance of which he yearly draws an allowance from the central government. The viceroys have been faithfully drawing the allowances, but when called upon for troops it was found that the money had been used for other purposes and the few substitutes for soldiers that were sent in lacked the necessary equipment. A similar degree of corruption is to be found in every department of the big country's service, the high-grade rascals preying upon those beneath, and so on down to the humble taxpayer. But if Japan presumes very greatly on the inability of her antagonist to pluck up energy for reform and courage for battle she might find herself making a mistake. Not at present, perhaps, could China thus recover herself, but the exaction of too severe terms—especially in the way of territorial concessions—might leave her with a sufficient motive for future efforts in the line of revenge.

A PLEA FOR THE OLD MEN.

To the Editor:—Few pioneers will agree with the words quoted by one of the wise men from the east. I refer to the saying of Solomon, namely, "Cast the talebearers out." The Old Men's Home is a charitable institution, where some of the unfortunate founders of our country are waiting until the shadows are a little longer grown. The small amount required to feed and clothe our old men is given ungrudgingly by the citizens, and it is well to remember that old age brings with it many peculiarities. All persons acquainted with pioneers understand that they require, and should receive, the best of care during their declining years. Let the organization started by Lady Aberdeen take hold and pay regular visits to the home. The inmates are poor, and, in many instances, friendless. Worthy men are there; also many that owe their condition to the unfortunate habits permitted to exist. I must give the municipal committee credit for their care and attention to the affairs of the home. Continue the good work, and never let it be said that a pioneer was ever "cast out" on the world, friendless and alone. We owe them more than a bare living. If they are childish, let us be charitable and put up with a little trouble rather than act the part of wise Solomon. Let the words of the holy Bible govern our actions. "And whosoever shall give to drink unto one of these a cup of cold water, verily I say unto you he shall in no wise lose his reward." PIONEER.

VERANDAHS.

To the Editor:—I wish to ask our mayor and aldermen whose place it is to look after the erection of verandahs on our streets. There are two on Cook street between Frederick and North Park street, one recently erected, the other since the by-law was passed against such erection. Some of our aldermen must know that it is against the law. ONE WHO KNOWS.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

The Agitation to Restore Queen Lil Somewhat Formidable.

San Francisco, Nov. 27.—Latest Honolulu dispatches per Oceanic to-day, referring to the alleged conspiracy to restore Queen Lil, say the government possess evidence to prove that it is somewhat formidable, but not enough to justify arrests. No danger of any actual attempt is now apprehended. It is not believed possible that any hostile expedition can or will be procured at San Francisco to aid the royalists. Any such force from abroad would no doubt be summarily dealt with by any American warship in port. What the British warship Hyacinth would do is not clear. It is believed she was detained from her intended cruise to the South Pacific by the apprehension of trouble here. The United States ship Yorktown arrived yesterday in less than eight days from San Francisco. She is expected to sail for Corea on the 22nd. It is hoped that the Bennington may arrive soon to give a sense of protection.

Since his return the president has received the British and French commissioners, who presented recognitions of this republic by their respective governments and received their exequatura.

Nursery Medicines.

We do not believe in dosing children with drugs from the time they arrive in the world until they are grown, as some do. We have found a little castor oil and a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer safe and sure remedies for all their little ills, and would not do without them. Get the New Big Bottle, 25c.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

STILL FALLING AWAY.

Trade Returns for October Show a Heavy Decrease From Last Year.

Sir Richard Cartwright and His Constituents—Ottawa Reform Club.

From our own correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—The trade figures still show a heavy falling off when compared with the same period last year. The official gazette of yesterday shows that the imports for the month of October last declined in value when compared with October, 1893, by nearly one million and a half dollars. And business last fall could not be said to be over bright. The figures for the past month were in value for imports, including dutiable and free goods, $8,357,741, compared with $9,801,517 for the same time last year. The duty last month was $1,426,039, and for October, 1893, it was $1,553,279, or a decrease of nearly $130,000. But the largest decrease was in the import of free goods. There was, however, an increase in the export trade of about $800,000 as compared with the same month in 1893. The principal item of export was animals, and then produce, there being of these, the produce of Canada, no less than $4,916,354 exported, or if we include the produce of other countries, a total of $5,059,312. The exports altogether amount to $14,577,436. As for the balance of trade theory it has gone to the dogs so often that only a few of the old N. P. school of politicians ever think of talking about it. Sir Leonard Tilley would have thought that the home market was gone if we had to export over fourteen million dollars' worth and import only eight millions. But apart from that, let us look at our exports. There was for the past month as follows:

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other Countries.	Total.
Produce of the Mine	$ 9[illegible]	$ [illegible]	$ [illegible]
do Fish	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
do Forest	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Animals & their produce	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Agricultural products	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Manufactures	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Miscellaneous articles	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bullion	[illegible]		[illegible]
Coin		[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Only a little over $000,000 for exports in manufactures, still the present government would make you believe that the whole policy of the country should be directed in their favor. What about the farmers, whom they stigmatize as hayseeds, the fishermen and the lumbermen, who, after all, are the backbone of this country? Let any one look at our exports and they will see. The farmers, as shown by animal and their produce and agricultural products, have exported for the month over $8,000,000. Then come the forest and fisheries. The mine, which has been harassed in every possible way by the present government, even shows nearly as large an export for the month as manufactures do. It is about time that some little consideration was given to the farmers of the country. While the present government, ruled as it is by the Red Parlor, lasts, that cannot be the case.

Hon. J. C. Patterson, minister of militia, has just returned from a junketing tour all over the Maritime Provinces. He was ostensibly looking into military matters, but in point of fact he was accompanying Robert Birmingham, the organizer of the party on a tour among the politicians providing for the approaching general elections. Mr. Patterson pays very little attention to his department. His whole time is spent in political work. He is credited with being a great adept in the business by his colleagues, but it is very doubtful if he is such an expert in the business as they imagine. He can give a big subscription to home rule and at the same time sanction the abolition of separate schools in this province or the smashing of confederation if such is not done. He is a Master man in provincial politics, and a follower of John Costigan and Clarke Wallace in Dominion affairs. Messrs. Costigan and Wallace quarrel but Mr. Patterson supports both. So he says but it is doubtful if anybody believes it. The people of Huron cannot be gulled twice in the same way.

Sir Richard Cartwright has just concluded a tour through his constituency, South Oxford. The result of it has been that at every point the Liberals have again endorsed his parliamentary course and have assured him of their renewed support. If it were for nothing else than the strenuous opposition which the Conservatives have made to Sir Richard, he is deserving of all the support that the Liberals are able to extend to him. The reason why the Conservatives oppose him is because they fear him. There is no man in parliament to-day who can cross swords in debate with Sir Richard Cartwright. He makes the Tories wince with his heavy political blows, and they have therefore good cause to hate him. The opposition which was got up against him in his constituency has disappeared, and the re-election of Sir Richard Cartwright is certain.

A Vancouver newspaper some time ago made flattering reference to the Macdonald club of this city, which has neither got "a habitation nor a name" outside the civil service. But Ottawa is not without a good political organization of young men, as the following from the Ottawa Journal (independent) of last Saturday will show:

"The annual meeting of the Reform club of Ottawa was held last evening in the club rooms, Elgin street, H. A. Bate, president, in the chair. A year ago last June the club was organized. It will be remembered that it was officially opened by Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, who is its patron and a life member, the evening before the national Liberal convention was called together. The club rooms were the headquarters of the party during the convention. The hall overhead, which also belongs to the club, was of great service to the members of the convention. It was there, for instance, that the committee on resolutions met and framed the platform of the Dominion Liberals. In his opening address Mr. Bate pointed out that the annual meeting should have been held last June, but the members of the club were so busily engaged with the provincial elections that it was postponed until now. He said that the history of the club was unique for a political organization, in so far that the year's transactions showed a handsome surplus after all liabilities, including rent of hall and rooms, electric light, furniture, pictures, periodicals and newspaper accounts had been paid. He gave a resume of the last six months' transactions, carrying the work done by the club up to date, which shows a still more successful period in the history of the organization. There was enough of money already in the treasury to pay for the whole year's indebtedness of the institution, notwithstanding that there was a considerable sum still due the club. Not only was the club financially a success, but its membership was increasing. He saw no reason why they should not have a membership at $5 per head of three hundred before the winter months were past. (Applause.) The fee was low, when the advantages received and the comfortable quarters were taken into consideration. The executive had been contemplating adding a billiard room to the club rooms. (Applause.)

The club then arranged a series of debates on political topics for the winter months. SLABTOWN.

THE SEAL FISHERY.

Minister Tupper Discredits the Close Season Rumor.

New York, Nov. 27.—A special to the World from Ottawa says: "Sir Chas. Tupper, minister of marine and fisheries, who was Canada's agent at the Paris arbitration, discredits the report Had the United States entertained the asked Great Britain to consent to prohibit the killing of seals next season. Had the United States entertained a reasonable proposal we made, says Sir Charles, the seal fisheries would have suffered far less than they are likely to do under the present regulations. We saw the danger of what the close season would be. We said that if the States would give our sealers a good summer's work we would agree to prohibit sealing during the winter and spring months when the seals are gravid, and when the great damage is done by slaughtering them. The United States rejected this proposal, and the danger of depletion is multiplied. The Behring sea catch of Canadian vessels this season only amounts to a little over 26,000 skins, or 27 per cent. of the total catch. The whole number of females taken in Behring Sea was 55.9 per cent. of the catch, a fact that contradicts the U.S. assertion that for every male killed three females are slaughtered."

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—H Anderson, J McCune, J Chandingham, H G Leaman, F Wood, H Minors, S Moses, Mrs McLeod, Mrs McDonald, Capt R R Jones, A F Cook, F A Panson.

Per steamer Princess Louise from Westminster—Mrs Mallandaine, Mrs R E Gosnell, J Keith, P C McGregor, T W Patterson, S Hinchcliffe, Mrs M Porelz, C Johnson, C Sangaset, J Johnson, Jas Georgeson, Capt Garforth, RN, W Postill, H Burr, J A Bridgman, A G McGowan, J Saverett, W T Crane.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Princess Louise from Westminster—Shallcross & McAulay, W Postill, Hobbs Wall & Co, G C Shaw, S Leiser, R & K M Co, F Williams, British Col Cattle Co, J Frew, Turner Beeton & Co., Lenz & Leiser, Agt Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—L Garfinkle, Vic Elec Ry Co, G F Henley, Hastings Mill Store, R Baker & Son, Berlin Photo Co.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Pitch, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Get No To-Bac at Bowes' Drug Store, for the tobacco habit. •

—Mr. J. Johnston, manufacturing stationers' agent, is now in the Kirk block.

—The Y. P. S. of C. E. of the First Presbyterian church will celebrate its fourth anniversary this evening.

—If you can't keep your razor in order we can show you how. A new line of razors just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. •

—Not a whole suit, but a ladies' nice Puritan undervest for 60 cents at the Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street. See our windows. •

—There will be a general meeting of the directors of Jubilee Hospital at 8 o'clock to-morrow evening at the office of Yates and Jay.

—Wait a bit, do not be in too great a hurry, do not catch at anything, but wait until our stock is complete with Xmas presents. Weiler Bros. •

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra claf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams & Co.'s, 28 Broad street.

—Collector Milne has received copies of the Dominion report on drawbacks on imported goods used in Canadian manufactured goods but exported.

—There will be a concert to-morrow evening at the Y. M. C. A. in aid of the First Victoria Co., Boys' Brigade. It will be under the patronage of Lieut.-Gov. and Mrs. Dewdney, Lieut.-Col. Prior and Lieut.-Col. Peters, D. A. G.

—B. C. Circle No. 118, Companions of the Forest, gave a very interesting social in Sir William Wallace hall last night. A good feature was the art gallery. Those who assisted in the musical programme are: Miss Dent, Miss Lillie Lyons, Miss A. Carter, Miss Walker, Mrs. Bradbury and Miss Steiger.

—The committee having in hand the arrangements for the banquet of the Sir William Wallace Society met last evening. Mr. Tulloch was named as caterer, and A. O. U. W. hall was selected as the place for holding the banquet. The society intend to invite ladies to this gathering, introducing an entirely new feature which will no doubt prove pleasing.

—Before the fall you could get along somehow without a wrap, but now that the season is advanced a waterproof, Cape, ulster or jacket is a necessity. To-day you can get a very beautiful garment for very little money at Partridge's Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street, as he is going out of this line. He needs the room for his millinery department. •

—Musicians as a class, perhaps, give more freely of their stock-in-trade for nothing than any other persons. The Victoria Conservatory of Musicians will begin the class in reading music with a free evening. The management hopes the people will become so interested that they will remain throughout the course. The first session will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. hall, Broad street.

—The following letter is self explanatory: "The Sisters of St. Anne gratefully acknowledge the sum of $42 handed to them this evening in behalf of the orphans. They tender sincerest thanks to Mr. Buck and the ladies and gentlemen to whose kindness they owe the donation. St. Anne's Convent, Victoria, Nov. 26, 1894." The hon. treasurer of the P. O. Home has similarly acknowledged the receipt of $84 from the same source.

—Friday is St. Andrew's day, and the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society will observe the day by giving its annual banquet at the Driard hotel. This dinner has been attended every year by a large number of distinguished men and has come to be one of the institutions of the city. The sale of tickets has been very large so far, and gathered about the festal board will be nearly all of the representative business and professional men of the city. Tickets may be had from Robert Irving, J. G. Brown, J. H. Falconer, J. R. Carmichael, E. C. Smith, A. Tolmie, D. Stewart, G. Bishop, J. Earsman, George Shedden and other members of the society.

—Sunset lodge, K. of P., elect officers to-night.

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. •

—Dr. Hanington reported that Bishop Perrin was progressing favorably but that he was not yet out of danger.

—Come and see our surprise prices for surprisingly good winter clothing. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—"We are the people" to buy down quilts from. Have a look at them and you will say so. The Schl-Hastie-Erskine Company. •

—Never look better than on the feet do our 35 cent black cashmere hose. This is the best line offered in the city. Partridge, 86 Yates street. •

Petticrew, the full back of the Victoria footballers, has kicked the leather for the last time. He has resigned and will play foot ball no more.

—Some beautiful oak upholstered rockers in a variety of striking designs. See them before you buy a Christmas present. The Schl-Hastie-Erskine Company. •

—Never be surprised at anything (some people will say), but you cannot help being surprised at our mammoth stock of furniture, carpets, etc. Weiler Bros. •

—A number of counterfeit dollar and half dollar pieces are in circulation in the city. A Government street merchant has had the misfortune to have quite a number of spurious coins passed upon him.

—His Lordship Bishop Perrin is improving again, and those who are attending him believe that it will only be a question of time before he will be up and about. He did not pass a very good day on Sunday, but as stated above he is again on the mend.

—The steamer Rosalie returned to her run on the Victoria-Seattle route this morning after an absence of several days. She has been repaired and generally overhauled, had considerable new paint applied to her wood work, and presents an attractive appearance.

—Richard Roper denies that he made use of the remark attributed to him by the morning paper in his speech at the Civic Association meeting last night. The objectionable remark as reported is "I'm d——d if it is." Mr. Roper says he never uses such language.

—G. Gawley has opened an office at J. Wilson and Company's, 28 Yates street, for the sale of Wellington coal, which he will be pleased to supply to all who favor him with their patronage. Being in the business for the past 10 years he is well known to the public in general.

—An attempt was made sometime on Saturday night to rob the carpenter shop and storeroom on Langley street owned by Charles Hayward. The outer doors were pried open with a bar of iron, but as far as known nothing was taken. There have been several attempts at robbery of late and the police have considerable work cut out for them.

—Collector of Customs Milne has a party of customs officers keeping a sharp lookout on the west coast for smugglers of whiskey. The Indians have been "potlatching" quite frequently of late and there are well grounded suspicions that the whiskey comes from Victoria. It is thought that several Indians stand in with the white smugglers. An example will be made of the guilty persons should they be caught.

—Mayor Teague denies that any alterations have been made in the plans of the electric light station, with the exception of the moving of the chimney a few feet. This alteration has not cost the city a cent, since it was made before any portion of the chimney had been erected. A few additions, or extras, had been made, but they are only minor and were not in the original plans which have not been deviated from.

—Victoria lodge, I. O. O. F., held its semi-annual election of officers last night and those selected were: E. Hooson, N. G.; W. Foster, V. G.; F. Davey, recording and permanent secretary; Richard Roberts, treasurer. After business was disposed of the lodge entertained a large number of visiting brethren with a concert, followed by a supper.

The programme was as follows: Recitation, Mr. Grahame; songs, Messrs. Blake, Bragg, Pilling, Jenkins, Huxtable, Glover and others. The gem of the evening was a song by Mr. Pilling entitled "Paying Our Respects to Fowlie." The supper was served by Geo. Crossan and was a very good one.

—A Santa Monica (Cal.) dispatch says: The investigation of the loss of the Crown of England was concluded last week. The only testimony introduced was the deposition of Second Officer Parsons of the steamer Corona, showing the existence of a strong northern current during the first week of November, especially in the neighborhood of the Channel islands. The court then made a finding setting forth the size, build and loss of the steamer, and exonerating Captain Hamilton from all blame, declaring the disaster due to the existence of strong, erratic and unknown currents; that fog rendered it necessary to guide the course on reckonings only, and that the boat was handled in a seamanlike manner. The findings conclude with a recommendation to boards of trade to note the existence of the uncharted currents along the coast, especially in the neighborhood of the Channel islands.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Not a Day

Too soon to order anything you want MADE in the way of jewellery for Xmas presents. Remember Pennock & Lowe have the best workmen and best equipped workshop.

—Look over our 25c. crockery and glassware tables. There are some genuine bargains on them. The Schl-Hastie-Erskine Company. •

—She is a wise woman who knows what she wants. She is wiser who knows that Partridge, of the Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street, sells 7 yds. grey flannel for one dollar. •

—A meeting of the sewerage commissioners was held this morning at the city hall. Several accounts were passed and vouchers signed. Assistant City Engineer Parr wrote relative to the respective merits of the Stanford joint and the cement joint, and the letter was referred to the city engineer for his opinion. A letter was read from the city council enclosing copies of correspondence relative to the claim of Mr. Wilkerson for damages sustained by an accident caused by falling into an open sewer at the corner of Douglas and Fisguard streets. Instructions were given for the clerk to communicate with the contractor and point out his liability under the contract. The same order was given in respect to a complaint made about a broken window (valued at 65 cents) in Drake, Jackson and Helmcken's office. A dynamite blast broke the pane. Engineer Wilmot reported that owing to the approaching completion of a number of sewers it would be necessary to discharge several inspectors. Referred back to Mr. Wilmot to exercise his discretion. A letter was then read regarding sewer connections in Mr. Carey's and Mr. Bossi's property. The commissioners will meet again Friday morning at 10.

SAID FAREWELL.

Captain Butler Leaves the Joan and Becomes a Nanaimo Pilot.

Captain Butler of the steamer Joan has been appointed one of the Nanaimo pilots, and last evening the crew of the Joan took their leave of him at a pleasant little social given in the saloon of the steamer. They presented the captain with a fine pair of binocular glasses and a diamond pin. John Wilson, who, besides Steward Scott, is the only remaining member of the original crew, made the presentation, which was accompanied by the following address:

We, the officers and crew of the steamer "Joan," have much pleasure in presenting you with a mark of the appreciation and esteem in which you were held while with us as master. It is with feelings not unmixed with pleasure that we view your departure from us—regret at losing you, but with pleasure at seeing you moving into another and higher sphere of labor. We believe that your record in the past is one to be proud of, and may the same measure of success follow you in the future.

Captain Butler made a suitable reply, and a nice programme of vocal and instrumental music was rendered. All present warmly congratulated Captain Butler, among the others Capt. Owens, who succeeds him. During the evening refreshments were served. Captain Richards formerly of the Danube, goes on the Joan as mate.

SUICIDE OF A JAP.

A Subject of the Mikado Kills Himself at Saturna Island.

News was brought to the city last night by the Princess Louise of the finding at Saturna Island yesterday morning of the body of a Japanese who had evidently committed suicide. The body was found in the cabin of the deceased, with a bullet hole through the head. By its side lay the body of the dog owned by the Jap, which had also been shot, and near the two was a rifle. The poor fellow evidently regarded the dog with affection and thought it better to have him die with him than remain behind and starve. The bodies of both the man and brute had begun to decompose, and it was believed by those who saw them that the deed was committed about three weeks ago. There was every evidence that it was a case of suicide, but there will no doubt be an investigation. The cause for the act is given as poverty.

Before the steamer left the Times informant had been unable to get the name of the Japanese, and none of the Japanese here could give any positive information on the subject. It is said that the Jap's name was Matsuo and that he had lived for some time on the northeast end of Saturna Island. If it was Matsuo he had money left over from the proceeds of last year's crop and intended going home to Japan. Matsuo's only neighbor was a Japanese who lived six miles away. Some of the Japanese here say that Matsuo had trouble with Indians and hint that they killed him.

Constable Drummond has written to Chief of Provincial Police Hussey, stating that he was at the hut of the Jap found dead and the indications are that it was a case of suicide. Drummond reports that the wound was in the neck and that a Winchester rifle, with which the shot is supposed to have been fired, was lying between the dead man's limbs and pointing in the direction of the wound. The dog lay dead a few feet away. The coroner will probably leave to-night and an inquest will be held in a few days.

Use Gibbons' Toothache gum, sold druggists.

...THE...

Manchester House!

88 YATES STREET

NEW DRESS GOODS. NEW DRESS GOODS.

Navy and Brown Diagonal Serges.
Black Diagonal Serges.
Black Cashmeres from 60 cents per yard.
Black and Navy French Serges from 50 cents per yard.

Fine Flannelettes, Pinks and Blues, Suitable for Blouses.

A few of these Kid Gloves at 65 cents per pair.

CORSETS! CORSETS!

The E. T. Long Waist Black Corset, $150 per pair.
The C. P. French Corset (Mascot), $2.25 per pair.
Yatisi, very easy wearing Corset, $1.50 per pair.
The C. and D. Long Waist Corset, $1.00 per pair.
The Queen, special Corset, 75 cents per pair.
The May, a good Corset, 50 cents per pair.

Ladies' Flannelette Nightshirts from $1.00, $1.50, $1.00 and $2.00.
Ladies' Dressing Gowns, very stylish, $3.00 and $3.50 each.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

A choice selection of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Novelties in Trimmings. All work promptly and neatly done.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, — — T. HAUGHTON & CO.

Our Special Effort

This week is to increase the purchasing power of your dollar with the greatest values in Hats ever offered.

Hats formerly $2.50, all Sizes and Styles, now

$1.50!

W. J. JEFFREE,

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

Bring Them Together...

YOUR FEET AND OUR SHOES.

RUBBERS
RUBBERS
RUBBERS
RUBBERS
RUBBERS
RUBBERS

GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.

OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government And Johnson Streets.

THE ROYAL CITY.

Sad Drowning Accident on Sunday—Diphtheria in Okanagan.

New Westminster, Nov. 26.—Miss Johanna Nelson, a handsome young Swedish woman of 24 years, was drowned at the government wharf Sunday night shortly after 8 o'clock while going aboard the steamer Samson with some other ladies, one of whom was Watchman Larsen's wife. In the darkness Miss Nelson stepped off the gang plank into the water and though rescued in less than ten minutes was quite dead when taken out. A verdict of accidental death was found by the coroner's jury.

Reports from Okanagan say that diphtheria threatens to become epidemic. It is also reported that W. L. Thompson, merchant, of Fairview, and his wife, are both dead of the disease. They lost their little daughter ten days ago and were both taken down. Two nurses were sent up from St. Luke's Home, Vancouver, Miss Crickmay and Miss Good. The latter belongs to Victoria. They too caught the infection and are seriously ill. Yesterday, in response to a telegram from the mayor of Vernon, Sister Frances and three more nurses went to Vernon to attend the sick nurses and others.

Judge Bole is seriously ill with influenza.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Probabilities Next 24 Hours.

Tuesday, Nov. 27.—Wet, cold and uncomfortable. A Rigby will be more desirable than an old fashioned English Waterproof for this weather for it will keep you warm as well as dry.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

CANADA

Coupon---Part 9.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents (12 cents if to be sent by mail), to the Times office, Broad St., Victoria, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per above number.

N.B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

AMUSEMENTS.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Property Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

VICTORIA'S

FEAST OF DAYS

Something Entirely New in This City.

Every day made use of and Six Different Views Given of the Work-a-Day World.

The Parlors of the Metropolitan Church

—ON—

Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 27 and 28.

You can't be disappointed, and a rarer experience cannot be had. Admission each afternoon free; evenings, to promenade concert, 10c. n25-2t

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Premier Davie Has no Hope of Getting Through Business by Christmas.

Mechanics' Lien and Workmen's Wages Bills Discussed Yesterday.

EIGHTH DAY.

Monday, Nov. 26.

The speaker took the chair at two o'clock.

Mr. Rogers presented a petition from Messrs. Holt, Mann and others for the incorporation of the Victoria Hydraulic company.

Mr. Kennedy presented petitions from the corporation of the city of New Westminster and the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley railway company for amendments to their charters.

Mr. Eberts presented a petition from the Columbia & Kootenay Railway & Navigation company for an amendment to their charter, and from J. C. Armstrong in reference to certain lands in the municipality of Delta.

The petition of the Red Mountain railway company was received.

The private bills committee recommended that the time for receiving petitions for private bills be extended for two weeks.

The report was received and Mr. Eberts moved that it be adopted.

Mr. Semlin said it was the same old story. Each legislature had in turn extended the time, but in doing so had stated that that would be the last time.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought there was good reason for the extension of time this session, as the session had been rather hurriedly called.

Mr. Sword asked if bills brought in after the regular time would be subject to double fees.

The speaker answered that they would.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Graham moved that an order of this house be granted for a return of all timber dues collected from pre-emptors to the east of the Cascades and of the amounts collected by the different officials. He considered the present dues were unjust and he hoped the government would see their way clear to amend the act.

Hon. Mr. Martin had no objections to the motion. The act might be amended in respect to timber dues for timber cut by pre-emptors, but much care would have to be exercised.

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Semlin moved that an order of the house be granted for copies of all tenders for departmental bookbinding received during the year 1894.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought that the members would probably be disappointed to hear that although tenders had been called for no contract had been awarded. The work was at present being done by arrangement with the contractor, who was doing the work much cheaper than it was formerly done. This contractor had put in a large plant with which to do the work, he having been given to understand by the late provincial secretary that he would be given the work for some time to come. It would therefore be unjust for the government to take the work away from the contractor who had put in this big plant. He had no doubt that some of the tenders put in were bona fide, but one of them at least was simply put in with the object of driving the present contractor out of the business. Tenders had been received from the sound, Ontario, Vancouver and Victoria, but it was necessary that much of the work should be done in Victoria under the supervision of the government. Under the circumstances it would not do to make any radical change until the expiration of the present arrangement, after which the work would be given out by contract.

Mr. Semlin said he was certainly disappointed to hear that a contract had not been awarded. The gentleman who now does the work told the committee last session that he did not have any arrangement with the government; in fact, had been told by the late premier that he would have to take his chances with the other bookbinders. The province should be given the advantage of competition.

Hon. Col. Baker presented papers relating to the acts passed at the last session of the legislature.

Mr. Kennedy asked the attorney-general—Does the government intend to establish a better system of police protection amongst the islands of the Gulf of Georgia and the various settlements on both Vancouver island and the mainland north of Howe sound; and, if so, what system is to be adopted?

Hon. Mr. Davie—The subject of adequate police protection throughout the whole northwest coast of the province has received the serious consideration of the provincial government, and in view of the fact that the population of that region principally consists of Indians, whose management devolves upon the federal government, the provincial government has urged upon the federal government the duty of patrolling the waters which wash the northwest coast with an armed cutter. An order in council on this subject was forwarded to the federal government early in the present year, to which no reply was received from the federal government, and upon the occasion of the recent trip of the attorney-general to Ottawa the subject was discussed with the Dominion executive, with the result that the latter government promised to favorably consider the propriety of putting an armed cutter on the coast for the preservation of peace with the Indians and for the protection of the fisheries.

Mr. Prentice asked the attorney-general—Does Thomas Barton, road superintendent for East Lillooet, still receive pay as constable at Clinton; and, if so, at what rate per annum?

Hon. Mr. Davie—He does, and receives $400 per annum.

Mr. Prentice asked the chief commissioner of lands and works—How many road superintendents are at present employed in Lillooet district?

Hon. Mr. Martin—Two; one for each riding.

Mr. Kennedy asked the chief commissioner of lands and works—Have the appointments of official scalers, in accordance with the provisions of Bill No. 77 of 1893, instituted an act for the appointment of official scalers of saw logs and other cut timber, been made? If not, why not, and when will they be made?

Hon. Hr. Martin—No appointments have been made. The government have the matter under consideration.

Mr. Semlin continued the debate on the second reading of the workmen's wages bill. He favored the principle of the bill, but there were sections in it which should be altered.

Mr. Booth said the bill was a step in the right direction, but he also thought some changes should be made in it. There were many farm hands who did not wish to receive their wages weekly as long as they knew that they could obtain them when they wished.

Hon. Mr. Davie said clause three, mentioned by Mr. Booth, was merely a model and could be amended in committee. Exceptions might be made in regard to the payment of wages at collieries and on railways.

Mr. Williams agreed with the principle of the bill, but there were some parts of it which were impracticable. It might be incorporated in the mechanics' lien act.

Mr. Cotton said there were clauses in the bill which conflicted with the mechanics' lien bill. The house should decide what they intended to do with the latter act before they dealt with the bill before the house.

Mr. Braden favored the bill as it stood. The mechanics must be protected. The present bill was very good for the lawyers, but it was not much use to the mechanics. Any technical amendments could be made in committee.

Mr. Hume would like to see a clause in the bill prohibiting the issuance of time checks. In Kootenay many firms issued time checks, and the men had sometimes to travel several miles at their own expense to have them cashed.

Mr. Kennedy agreed with the heading of the bill, "An act relating to workingmen's wages and to make better provision for the payment thereof," but he could see nothing in the body of the bill that would bear out the title. There were several very obnoxious clauses, but he would favor the second reading of the bill if he knew that it would be changed in committee.

Mr. McPherson considered the bill a very poor one as it stood, but it could be made a good one in committee.

The bill was read a second time, Mr. Cotton alone dissenting.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the mechanics' and laborers' bill, which he said fitted in perfectly with the bill just passed. This bill gave the workmen a lien on the work. The bill was almost identical with the one introduced in 1888, which had been carefully prepared and which had worked well until repealed. There was no reason why the material man should not have some protection. At present a worthless contractor could obtain material, and when the contract was finished and the contractor had disappeared the material man had no means of receiving his pay. Both the material man and the workmen should be protected. There was an example in Kootenay, where a man who had supplied material for a railway was unable to obtain a lien for what he supplied. There were very few cases under the act of 1891 where either the material or laboring man had recovered by lien. There were several amendments that would have to be made in committee. The crucial point was that the present bill gave a lien to the material man, while the act of 1891 took this advantage away from the material man.

Mr. Cotton opposed the second reading of the bill. It was the intention of the act of 1891 to benefit mechanics and laboring men, and not for the material men. He contended that the act of 1891 worked to the satisfaction of the workmen. The act of 1891 had benefited men who had no money, but who were responsible and industrious. There had been no delays, but as a matter of fact as soon as a lien was placed on property the money was immediately paid without trouble or litigation. The only way to insure the payment of the workmen's wages was to make the property responsible for it. There was a strong distinction between the material and the laboring men, the amount that is likely to be due to the latter being much less than the material man's account. The amount it would cost the material man to enforce his lien would be small in comparison with the amount due him, while it would be a large amount to the workingmen. He held that the present act was a protection to workingmen. The material man had many advantages over the workman and could not be placed on the same plane. By passing the present bill many advantages would be taken away from the mechanic and laborer which were given them by the act of 1891. He would therefore vote against the second reading of the bill.

Mr. Booth said the workmen's wages bill and the mechanics' and laborers' bill should be read together. Both the material and laboring men should be given means to collect what was due them on short notice.

Mr. Williams thought the laborers should be protected before the material men. All that was necessary was an act to carry out that principle. The attorney-general would find that there were as many defects in the working of the act of 1888 as there were in the working of the act of 1891. The latter act had worked well.

Hon. Col. Baker said there were several clauses in the bill that should be amended in committee. The workmen's wages bill protected the laborers, while the mechanics' and laborers' bill protected the material man. Therefore both were being looked after, and the laboring man first.

Mr. Eberts favored the second reading of the bill. If passed it would be the very best machinery provided for the collection of wages. The laborer had a preferential right for a month's wages, which gave him ample protection. There were many defects in the act of 1891 which were amended by the bill before the house.

Mr. Kennedy was strongly in favor of giving the mechanics and laboring men a first lien, and also thought the material man should have a second lien. The workingman would have no chance against the material man when they had a lien on the same building.

Hon. Mr. Davie—The workingmen have a prior right for thirty days' wages.

Mr. Semlin remembered numerous lien acts which had been introduced, and all of which were said to be defective. The act of 1888 was repealed because there were many objections against it, one of the government members saying that the act was the means of driving workingmen out of the province. The question seemed to be how they worked in the courts. The act of 1888 was more bitterly denounced than the act of 1891, therefore he would oppose the present bill, which was the same as the act of 1888.

Mr. Braden supported the bill. He only wished the act had been in force many years ago. If it had he would have been many hundreds of dollars in pocket. The bill would do justice to contractors, sub-contractors, material men and laborers.

Mr. Kitchen said under the bill the material man would invariably get ahead of the workingman. It was to protect the men who work for wages that the act of 1891 had been passed. The material man was well able to look after himself. The house should look after the men who were less able to look after themselves and who were unable to afford the services of legal advisers. The two bills might be dovetailed and made into a very reasonable one. If the government knew of any defects in the bill of 1891 they should point them out and then he for one would be only too glad to remedy those defects. The bill did not even try to remedy the defects of the act of 1888, but was an exact copy of that act.

Hon. Mr. Davie said as far as he knew there were no defects in the act of 1888. That was the best lien act that had ever been introduced.

The bill was read a second time on the following division:

Ayes—Messrs. Baker, Pooley, Davie, Martin, Turner, Eberts, Bryden, Irving, McGregor, Braden, Rithet, Rogers, Smith, Kellie, Hunter and Mutter.

Nays—Messrs. Williams, Kitchen, Semlin, Kennedy, Cotton, Hume, Prentice, Forster, Graham, McPherson, Kidd and Sword.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the bill to provide for the revision of the statutes, which he fully explained in committee. He thought the bill might go further than it did and provide for the enactment of all the old English laws as far as they are applicable to the province, thus making a complete code, to which reference could be made without having to search to see just what English laws apply to the province. This had been done in other provinces and colonies. However, the bill did not go that far, and it was for the members to say whether the provisions should be extended.

The bill was read a second time.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Turner it was resolved that the house go into committee of supply on Wednesday next. This is merely a formal motion, and will be extended from day to day until the finance minister is ready with his budget speech.

Mr. Cotton presented petitions from the North Vancouver Electric company and the Burrard Inlet railway company for an extension of time in which to commence work.

Mr. Cotton asked Mr. Rithet as chairman of the public accounts committee when he intended to call that committee together.

Mr. Rithet replied that he had seen the auditor and treasurer and they had said that they would be ready for the committee in about a week.

Mr. Cotton—The committee may not wish to see the treasurer or auditor. There were lots of other things that they could do. Besides, the premier had said that the house would adjourn before Christmas. If this was the case the committee would not have much time to do their work.

Hon. Mr. Davie feared that his hopes that the house would adjourn before Christmas would not be carried out. It would take a couple of weeks to discuss the finances of the province. Mr. Rithet was perfectly right to wait until the officers were ready.

Mr. Semlin—The officers may never be ready. One thing was certain. The members could not discuss the finances until they had heard from the public accounts committee.

Hon. Mr. Davie—The finance minister will deliver his budget speech in a few days, when the financial condition of the province will be fully explained.

The house adjourned at 4.40.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Williams—That the government should introduce legislation for the purpose of enforcing the residence of a supreme court judge at Vancouver.

Mr. Williams—To ask leave to introduce a bill intituled "An act to provide for the appointment of conveyancers."

QUESTIONS TO BE PUT.

Mr. Sword—With regard to the Nakusp & Slocan railway company's bonds guaranteed by the province, who receives the difference between the selling price and the fact value?

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J. R. BUTLER, Master.

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Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
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" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.				NORTH BOUND READ DOWN.		
No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.	No. 4 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.
Ar. 12:30 P.M.	VICTORIA	Ar. 5:00 P.M.		Ar. 8:00 A.M.	VICTORIA	Ar. 2:50 P.M.	
12:35	ESQUIMALT	4:56	2	8:05	ESQUIMALT	2:24	2
12:44	GOLDSTREAM	4:46	4	8:14	GOLDSTREAM	2:14	4
12:54	SOOKE BILL	4:36	6	8:24	SOOKE BILL	2:04	6
1:10	SOOKE SIDING	4:20	9	8:40	SOOKE SIDING	1:48	9
1:20	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	4:10	11	8:50	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	1:38	11
1:30	COBBLE HILL	4:00	14	9:00	COBBLE HILL	1:28	14
1:37	McPHERSON'S	3:53	16	9:07	McPHERSON'S	1:21	16
1:42	DUNCAN'S	3:48	17	9:12	DUNCAN'S	1:16	17
1:52	KOKSILAH	3:38	20	9:22	KOKSILAH	1:06	20
2:00	COBBLE HILL	3:30	23	9:30	COBBLE HILL	1:00	23
2:11	SOMENOS	3:19	26	9:41	SOMENOS	12:49	26
2:20	CHEMAINUS	3:10	30	9:50	CHEMAINUS	12:40	30
2:35	OYSTER BAY SID'G	2:55	36	10:05	OYSTER BAY SID'G	12:25	36
2:50	NANAIMO	2:40	42	10:20	NANAIMO	12:10	42
Ar. 3:15 P.M.	WELLINGTON	Ar. 2:15 P.M.	53	Ar. 10:45 A.M.	WELLINGTON	Ar. 11:45 A.M.	53

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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TIME TABLE NO. 24,

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Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 22 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

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TO IMPROVE THE CITY

A Large Number of Ratepayers Form an Organization for That Purpose.

A Long List of Civic Grievance Discussed at the Meeting Last Night.

The Victoria Civic Improvement Association is now an organised body, and on the list of members are included professional men, business men, mechanics and laborers. The meeting that formed the association was held in the board of trade hall last night, there being present about one hundred people.

Chairman Renouf called the meeting to order shortly after 8, and Secretary Barnard read the minutes of a previous meeting and also a draft of a proposed constitution and objects of the association. The draft of the constitution and objects have already been published in the Times.

The meeting was then declared open for discussion.

Senator Macdonald thought the constitution should be read clause by clause.

Chairman Renouf said the constitution had been published in the papers.

Mr. Redfern thought an association should be formed before any constitution be framed. To do otherwise was to place the cart before the horse. He moved that an association as outlined in the constitution be formed.

Mr. Belyea wanted information from the promoters.

Mr. Templeman replied that the object of the association would be to introduce municipal reforms. He believed a great deal could be done to educate people to proper reform. He would not have politics introduced into the association. Referring to the question of sewerage, he said it had been nine years since the sewerage system had first been formulated, and the city was not yet sewered. This showed a want of unanimity among as low as possible. Such an association as it is proposed to establish had existed the sewerage of Victoria would have been completed. He advocated that the membership fee of the association be put as lo was possible. Such an association worked on proper lines would exercise a very beneficial influence.

Senator Macdonald said things were going from bad to worse in municipal affairs. Individually the members of the city council were good men, but when they put their heads together they were always making mistakes. Unanimity was wanted in the case of the ratepayers, and in saying this Mr. Templeman had struck the right chord. He thought the city was too unweildy. A large portion of the outlying districts of Victoria should be lopped off. The city could not do anything for them, only receive their taxes. The idea of an association was a laudable one. It was essential to get the body of the taxpayers interested and to lay down a definite programme.

A. C. Flumerfelt explained that the idea of the forming of the association had originated at the board of trade, but it was no longer a board of trade idea. It was a city affair, and the board of trade had only placed their rooms at their disposal. The association should be devoid of party bias and should work in the interests of the city. He deprecated the idea that this association would interfere in elections. It had been reported that this association had been formed in the interests of a certain candidate for mayor. He stigmatized the report as untrue.

Chairman Renouf said the association would not interfere in elections.

Herbert Cuthbert did not see how the association could make reforms if it did not interfere in city elections.

Alexander Wilson said it was necessary for those who had beams in their own eyes to take them out before they took motes out of the eyes of others. The board of trade had not been a success. They had a fine building, and what was it?

Mr. Flumerfelt asked Mr. Wilson if he had any money in the board of trade.

Mr. Wilson replied that he had $100, and he was going to take it out in talking if nothing else. They had talked of reforms before. Taxation was a heavy burden, but the curse of the saloon and houses of ill-fame were of far more importance. The women of View street had been turned out of that street and were moving to Chatham street. Now a petition was in circulation against the houses being located on Chatham street. The board of trade took up the opium question and worked in favor of the Chinamen, and why not take up the questions of saloons and houses of prostitution? There was too much grumbling on the part of the ratepayers. Some of the leading merchants of the city, medical men and newspaper men had been in the council, and things were no better. If there was boodling, then the guilty councillors could be prosecuted.

The chairman said that was what the association was formed for.

Mr. Wilson, continuing, said that although they would contradict him he would tell them that the association was got up to elect certain persons to the mayor's chair and the aldermanic board.

Mr. Redfern's motion in favor of the formation of the association was put and carried.

The draft of the constitution was then taken up, and on motion of Mr. Belyea the name was changed to "The Civic Improvement Association of Victoria." Clause 2 referred to the officers of the association. Mr. Belyea asked that the name of president and vice-president be changed to chairman and vice-chairman and that the offices of secretary and treasurer be incorporated into one. The suggestions were favorably received by the meeting, and the change was accordingly made.

Clause 3 read: "Members shall be nominated at one meeting of the executive and balloted for at the next regular meeting. A two-thirds vote of the members present shall be necessary to elect."

Mr. Redfern objected to the clause. He would have it expunged altogether.

Mr. Belyea thought that an undesirable element might get in if the clause were eliminated, and they could capture the association, and in less than three months there would be more parties in the association than in municipal politics.

Mr. Wilson asked the chair would he exclude a drunkard from the association.

The chair said that was not the question under discussion. He would prohibit a drunkard from becoming a member.

Mr. Wilson then said why not exclude the man who sold the liquor. (Cheers.)

A vote was taken on the expunging of the clause, with the result that it was declared expunged, only four voting for its retention.

In substitution for the expunged clause there was inserted the following on motion of Mr. Redfern, seconded by Senator Macdonald:

"Any voter desirous of becoming a member shall pay $1 and sign the constitution."

A discussion took place as to what should be the entrance fee. Col. Prior and R. W. Pearse thought $1 was quite enough, but Sheriff McMillan stood out for $5, saying there was such a thing as getting too many members belonging to the association. The $1 admission was carried.

A workingman in the audience here rose and said that the association should take into consideration the letting of work by day labor instead of by contract. He quoted figures of how much cheaper work had been done in London by day labor.

H. Cuthbert advocated that there be no paid members of the council.

W. G. Cameron wanted general representatives instead of by wards.

Mr. Cohen would like the idea of proportional representation introduced in the association in the election of officers.

Mr. Belyea said the hen was off the nest again. There were no cliques yet, but if things went on as Mr. Cohen proposed there would be. Proportional representation would divide the association. They should not begin by importing cliques.

Mr. Cuthbert said the speakers had all got astray and he would lead them back again to the main track by moving that no compensation be given aldermen.

Senator Macdonald thought the idea would be entirely out of place in the constitution. It was a matter of detail.

Mr. Snyder asked that the aldermen present give their opinion on these questions.

Mr. Robertson thought the association should take into consideration all by-laws.

Mr. McMillan did not believe in the councillors giving their services for nothing. In England they were talking of paying members of parliament and city councillors. Not to pay members was to introduce plutocracy government in municipal affairs. He did not agree with Mr. Cuthbert in his views. He asked whether all honesty was to be found in those men who gave their services free.

Mr. Cuthbert replied that 90 per cent. of the members of the English municipalities were honest, whereas 90 per cent. in the United States were corrupt.

A Voice—No, no!

Mr. Cuthbert replied that the reports were true.

Richard Roper wanted to ask a question of the chair.

Cries of "chair and "sit down."

The chair rapped the gavel and said "Sit down."

Mr. Roper—"In Englan——"

Cries of "Order, order."

Mr. Templeman urged that Mr. Roper be allowed to ask the question.

Mr. Roper said that men who were paid would do their duty; men could not be expected to work for nothing.

Mr. Redfern moved that when 100 members had signed the constitution a meeting be called for the election of officers.

Mr. Falconer wanted to know why officers could not be elected at once. He moved that the election take place forthwith.

Mr. Cuthbert thought that it was not desirable that the meeting elect officers; others should be given a chance.

The motion of Mr. Redfern was carried, and the meeting was at an end.

Robert Ward had written a letter to the association relating to the market and its management, which was read by the chairman.

It was decided to have rolls of the association open in the Times and Colonist offices.

Col. Prior wanted the next meeting held in the city hall. There was a prejudice against holding the meeting in the board of trade room. It was believed that it was an assembly of business men.

Mr. Flumerfelt supported the motion of Col. Prior.

Mr. Alex Wilson favored the idea; he wanted the next mayor of Victoria elected as chairman of the association.

The objects of the association as passed in the meeting are as follows:

"The objects of this association are to promote good government of the municipality, and generally the improvement of the city of Victoria. To this end the association shall support measures for the systematic carrying out of the following:

"(a) For the completion of the sewerage system.

"(b) For the paving of all business streets and leading thoroughfares.

"(c) For the improvement of the water service.

"(d) For efficient street lighting and the proper regulation of electric wiring.

"(e) For the maintenance of clean streets, free from unnecessary obstructions or disfigurements.

"(f) For the improvement of the general sanitary arrangement of the city.

"(g) For the enforcement of existing by-laws and the amendment of those that are now defective.

"(h) For the improvement of parks and recreation grounds.

"(i) The amendment of the existing electoral system.

"(j) With a view to effecting these reforms to consult with, advise and assist the mayor and council for the time being, and generally to encourage and support every proposition having for its object the betterment of the city along the lines here indicated."

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J. O. Wilson, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of Ayer's Pills:

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever tried; and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them in my family and recommended them to my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and

Permanently Cured

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The past summer was a most remarkable season for Lactated Food. There was such a demand for this pure and nutritious infant food from every quarter of the Dominion, that the manufacturers were compelled to enlarge their producing capacity.

During the past summer thousands of mothers bought and used Lactated Food and have been so thoroughly satisfied with the results, that no pleadings or arguments can ever induce them to use any other make of food.

Hundreds of thankful letters have been received telling what Lactated Food has done in saving little lives. Every letter proves strongly and conclusively that "Lactated Food Saves Babies Lives."

No other food can show such a series of successes and victories; no other food now in existence is so popular as the Lactated.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

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RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 20 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome **DEFORMITY**. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 180 King St. W., Toronto.

MUNICIPAL.

Municipal Elections, 1895.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATION.

All persons wishing to qualify, under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1895, in accordance with clause E of section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the assessor's office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., November, 1894.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

NOTICE,

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.
13 Trounce Avenue. [o4

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharges. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th. day of January, 1895 unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fatbrother, deceased, intestate. o31-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next sitting by George Meldrum for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in and upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, from James Wishart and G. O. Meldrum to said G. O. Meldrum.

Dated this 15th day of September, A.D. 1894.

JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Bossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM BAINES.

Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894

NOTICE.

is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Jean Coigdarripe of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1894.

n7-1m CHAS. MURISHT.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting to be held in December for a transfer to John P. Schmidt of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail on the premises known as the Nickle Plate Saloon at No. 85 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, November 12th, 1894.

THOMAS GARVIN.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Henry Harris of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1894.

s7-1m J. COIGDARRIPE.

FINAL NOTICE.

Re Estate William H. Paine, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of December, next; and notice is hereby given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria this 5th day of November, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street.
Solicitor for John Graham Cox, the executor.

NOTICE.

Re Estate of Peter Gerard, Deceased.

All persons having claims against Peter Gerard, late of the city of Victoria, deceased, are hereby required to send or deliver to the undersigned full particulars of their claims on or before the 7th day of December, 1894, after which date the executors will distribute the assets of the testator, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

H. G. HALL,
12 Bastion Square, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Executors.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 7th, 1894. n7-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO NEWS.

Some Very Rich Gold Quartz From Texada Island.

Nanaimo, Nov. 27.—Rev. R. R. Maitland's addresses to the workingmen on the labor questions in the Y. M. C. A. rooms every Sunday afternoon should be well atteded. Cards are being issued by a few friends of the cause in which attention is being called to the advantages derived from these addresses.

John Mason, the Victoria crescent sprinter, has another race on hand. So far he has been victorious in all his matches, but it is feared he will suffer defeat this time. The race has been made with R. Watson, for one hundred yards even, and the stakes are $40 a side. The race will come off on the Caledonian grounds on Saturday afternoon. Watson is the favorite.

The anniversary concert and supper given at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church last evening proved a very enjoyable event. The programme was well selected and the various pieces of vocal and instrumental music were well rendered.

Mr. Butterfield, of Windsor, Ont., the well known Canadian poultry judge, will be asked to judge the exhibits at the opultry show to be held here in January next.

Mr. Raper, who lately arrived from Texada, where he has been prospecting for some weeks past, brought down some very fair specimens of quartz carrying free gold. The quartz is of a rosy, sugary nature, and the particles of gold are plainly discernible to the naked eye. The owners of the claims are erecting a fifteen foot water wheel for power purposes, and they intend to put through the process of manipulation some five to ten tons of the ore, which will then be sent to eastern capitalists as a sample. If the same should average with similar samples, previously sent, a fully equipped mill of considerable capacity will be at once erected. They have to carry all supplies on their backs for some miles. The government should see that a road is built, as it may be the opening up of an adjunct to Nanaimo which may be of vast importance. Without a road the business of this rich mineral locality will most likely drift away from this district. The district members have been doing their utmost to obtain a special grant for the island, but so far have received but small encouragement. Without assistance a large amount of expenditure intended may not be entered into, and this property will be laid aside for another season. Several parties here are awaiting the action of the government regarding the island roads before deciding on expenditures on their properties.

THE TERMINAL CITY.

Council Having Trouble Over the Finances—Alleged Murderer Arrested.

Vancouver, Nov. 27.—Pat Caine has been arrested on a charge of being the murderer of Fie Man, the Chinese market gardener who was shot one night last September while driving along the Westminster road. A boy saw Caine in the vicinity on the night of the murder, and a few days ago pointed him out on the streets of Vancouver. He eluded the officers at the time, but on Saturday night was arrested by Sergt. Heywood. He has served a term for highway robbery and also for breaking jail. The government offered a reward of $250 and the Chinese benevolent society a reward of $400 for the capture of the murderer.

Seventy-five lots have been sold for taxes in this city, the amount realized being $644. At yesterday's sale Hon. C. E. Pooley purchased a lot on Hastings street for $1650.

The council is having a war over finances. The chairman of the finance committee anounced that the city was $70,000 beyond the revenue received at the end of October, this being caused by so many property owners being unable to pay their taxes.

Postmaster-General Caron has been giving Vancouver an example of his administrative wisdom. He has told the council that he might see his way clear to give Vancouver a free delivery in a few months.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Business Transacted at a Council Meeting To-day.

There was a special meeting this morning of the council of the board of trade. President Flumerfelt was in the chair and the members of the council present were C. E. Renouf, T. S. Futcher, Robert Ward, H. E. Connon and Gus Leiser. Secretary Elworthy was at his desk and several members of the board of trade were present as spectators. A letter was read from Frank B. Gregory, who was also present, in regard to the much discussed opium resolution. Mr. Gregory wrote that he believed the action of the board to have been rather hasty, called attention to the expression on the matter at the general meeting previous to the council meeting at which the resolution was passed, and asked that the matter be reconsidered. After considerable discussion it was decided, so the Times reporter was informed, to have the secretary hold back the resolution if it had not already been forwarded to Ottawa, and to call a general meeting of the board to go into the matter in case the resolution was not beyond recall.

J. B. Gordon, representative of Bradstreet's, wrote a lengthy letter to the board in regard to the resolution concerning his company. He excused the action of his company and asked for the withdrawal of the resolution. The subject matter of the letter did not please the board and they would not give it out for publication. After full consideration the council refused to withdraw the resolution and to further confirm it, it was agreed that if any change were to be made it would be to strengthen the resolution, as the council were of the opinion that the greatest harm had been done by the action of the company.

Secretary Lewis, of the Fraser Valley Railway committee, presented a letter containing some general information as to the needs of the valley for the future. The letter will be acknowledged with thanks.

The president called attention to the inadequate fire protection in the city, and instanced the recent experience of Winnipeg. He believed action should be taken at once. The council were unanimously of the opinion that the situation was serious, and commended it to the attention of the Civic Improvement association.

The matter of landlord and tenant came up again, and the president will meet H. D. Helmcken, M. P. P., on his return and request him to redeem the promises he made on the platform here before the election.

The chairman brought up the matter of telegraph tolls, and said the C. P. R. company was charging day rates for night messages. He instanced a case where a telegram was filed one evening, but as the wires were down it was not sent until the next day, but day rates were charged. The council by a unanimous vote pronounced it unjust and unreasonable. Superintendent Hosmer will be written to right the matter.

Robert Ward addressed the board and called attention to the ratification of the commercial treaty between Great Britain and Japan. He said that it was of the greatest importance to British Columbia and Canada, as Japan would be a good customer for silver, lead, etc. The treaty would not be in force for five years, and the colonies were not included with the mother country, and in the meantime there should be an agitation to secure the privileges of the treaty for Canada.

NAPOLEON AT AUSTERLITZ.

Incidents of the Great "Battle of the Emperors" and its Results.

The story of how the great Napoleon met and conquered the very flower of the armies of the allied nations of the world, there arrayed against the Frenchman, is a pretty story—in fact, it is not a story at all, but a matter of history. Those who have read the history or the life of Napoleon will remember that his motto was punctual and implicit obedience to orders. With Napoleon five o'clock meant five o'clock or before, not five minutes or one minute after five. One incident will be found in Napoleon's career where he punished a favorite general, after having publicly reprimanded him, for appearing at a certain bridge some ten minutes later than he had been ordered to appear there by his superior officer. The general offered as an excuse that the weather was rigorous, but Napoleon impetuously interfered with a remark, "Not too rigorous for me to be here on time."

The French troops had implicit confidence in their leader. The night before the great battle of Austerlitz the men sang patriotic songs until cautioned that they were within earshot of the enemy and must be silent, but some time later when just before retiring to his tent for the night—though it is said that Napoleon did not sleep—that great general passed among his warriors outstretched on the ground. Suddenly one enthusiastic soldier fastened his little palet of straw on his bayonet, fired it and tossed it in the air. Others followed, and the flames lit up the entire country surrounding, carrying to the enemy the news that the Frenchmen were near. Such action was decidedly injudicious, it is true, but it showed the wonderful faith and confidence the soldiers had in their general, whom they fairly worshipped and at whose command they would face, without flinching, what at least appeared to be certain death.

The battle began at an early hour in the morning. Napoleon saw before him more than two hundred thousand of the very flower of the armies of Russia, Austria, Germany and other nations, while he had scarcely seventy-five thousand scarred, worried and not too well fed or well clothed soldiers with which to face the seemingly overwhelming, better cared for allied army of two hundred thousand tried men, and yet Napoleon won, and all the nations marvelled thereat, though it is now a matter of history that he should have won, for the reason that his plans were successfully carried out, because of the implicit confidence of his soldiers and their implicit obedience to each order issued.

Some of Napoleon's generals differed with the greatest of all generals' orders, but they did not stop to question, and carried out their orders to the letter. Napoleon threw his entire army of seventy-five thousand men first on the right wing, then on the left, then on the centre. Several times the enemy was flanked without knowing how the trick had been accomplished, but turn as they might the allies found confronting them seventy-five thousand men in a solid mass, while to save themselves the generals of the allied army could not swing their two hundred thousand into such position as to face Napoleon's army at the same time. That was the very trick Napoleon wanted to play. While there were two hundred thousand men arrayed against him he was fighting about one-fourth that number with a superior force behind him. True, upon each maneuver he faced fresh men, but never more men than he threw against that particular part of the allied armies.

He won because there was organization, and the men who did the fighting asked no questions as to the wisdom of this or that order, but simply knew that the ultimate result to be achieved was the defeat of their enemy, and being properly organized and disciplined they accomplished the result aimed at.

Brief Locals.

—J. N. Finn's orchestra will give a dance at A. O. U. W. hall on Tuesday night.

—Joe Fury, summoned for vagrancy, did not appear in the police court to-day and a warrant for his arrest was issued.

—The steamer Maude is back from the west coast and reports that an Indian at Christy island has a life buoy with the name of the ship Ivanhoe painted on it. It came ashore there, and sets at rest all doubts as to the fate of the ship Ivanhoe and her crew. Other wreckage will no doubt be found later.

— A special feature of the entertainment at the R. E. school room this evening will be a representation of the Magic Mirror, when Cupid will show the Prince, "Two Little Girls in Blue," "Sally in our Alley," "Marguerite," "Linger Longer Lucy," "Daisy Bell," etc., etc., after which he is to select a bride. A good musical programme has also been provided.

—The sewerage commissioners and City Engineer Wilmot and Assistant Engineer Parr inspected the pipes on the Yates street sewer contract this morning in conection with the charges made by Inspector Bushby against the contractors. The levels were put in, the work was found to be correct, and the contractors were told to fill in.

—There was quite a row last night in the cabin of Eliza Johnson, colored, on Chatham street. Henry Gant, colored, was given a severe beating by Alfred Parket, white. Gant did not appear in court to-day, so the charge of aggravated assault against Parket was dropped. The police, however, summoned him for frequenting a house of ill-fame and Eliza Johnson for keeping a disorderly house.

The greatest bargains ever offered in Victoria. Is better than putting your money in the savings bank, having absolute security. Every workingman or woman should avail themselves of this opportunity and secure a building site, situate on Cowan Avenue, Bank, Amphion or Hulton Streets, off Oak Bay Avenue. Prices $175 to $225 per lot, and on such terms never before offered to the public. Viz, $5 down, $5 per month without interest. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co.

PERSONAL.

Hy. Burr, Ladner's, is a guest at the Oriental.

Steve Jones has returned from a visit on the Sound.

Wm. Postill, Okanagan, is registered at the Oriental.

J. A. Paulson, Tacoma, is a guest at the New England.

A. H. B. Macgowan, Vancouver, is staying at the Driard.

Dr. Ernest Hall and wife leave for the east on Friday evening.

Jno. T. Roberts, Galashiels, Scotland, arrived in the city last night.

C. M. Davis, New York, arrived in the city last night and registered at the Driard.

S. Davis and L. Armour, Vancouver, have apartments at the New England.

Mrs. G. A. McTavish leaves to-night for Tacoma to meet her brother, H. D. Helmcken, who is returning from England after an absence of a few months.

J. Taylor, of Nanaimo, and bride returned last night to Nanaimo. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were married in Vancouver several days ago. Mrs. Taylor is an eastern young lady.

Duke of Cambridge fine old Scotch Whisky is simply perfection. Guaranteed 15 years old.

DRINK

TAMILKANDE TEA : :

Far and wide its fame is spreading
Over village, over city;
Hour held word from brow Atlantic,
Unto shores of vast Pacific."

THE PEOPLE'S TEA,
IN LEAD PACKAGES.
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SIMON LEISER & CO.,
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If You wish to secure

Toys, Bicycles, Baskets,

And many other similar articles call at

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Call Before the Best Has Been Selected

PERRY & TURNER

42 JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves, Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights and Roofing.

I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

DIED.

HENDERSON—At South Saanich on the 24th inst., Betsey, relict of the late John Henderson, a native of England, aged 64 years and 7 months.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday at 11 o'clock a.m. from the family residence, Mount Newton Hotel, South Saanich, and at Christ Church Cathedral, Victoria, at 2:30 p.m. The remains will be interred in the family vault at Ross Bay Cemetery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

WE PROPOSE GIVING

Extraordinary Inducements..

To purchasers during the coming month as we intend to clear out over

$10,000

Worth of Jewelry,

Etc., before the first of the year.

Our Sale

Will begin on

SATURDAY, DEC. 1st

And continue until the end of the month. This will be one of the greatest Jewelry sales ever held in the province, and where genuine bargains will be offered.

DAVIDSON BROS.,

THE JEWELERS,
59 GOVERNMEFT ST.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Portland or Halifax.

Allan Line, Laurentian	Dec. 8
Allan Line, Numidian	Dec. 22
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Dec. 13
Dominion Line, Oregon	Dec. 27

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	Dec. 1
Cunard Line, Etruria	Dec. 8
American Line, Berlin	Dec. 5
American Line, New York	Dec. 12
White Star Line, Majestic	Dec. 5
White Star Line, Adriatic	Dec. 12
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Dec. 4
North Ger. Lloyd, Trave	Dec. 11
Anchor Line, Ancheria	Dec. 8
Anchor Line, Circassia	Dec. 22
Red Star Line, Westernland	Dec. 5
Red Star Line, Noordland	Dec. 12
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Dec. 20

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

Our Facts

and your faith in us as sellers of choice groceries are the creators of business:—

New this Week
Ex Miowera

Australian Syrup in 1 4 and 7 pound tins—very nice.
Australian Rabbits.

Another Shipment of Sterling Tea.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,
Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

WHEN You are prepared to buy your Winter Suit or Overcoat

WILL You look at my selection before placing your order?

YOU Will find an assortment of Overcoatings and Suitings of the latest styles.

BUY Them at a price in keeping with your pocketbook.

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MY CUSTOMERS.

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THE CASH TAILOR,
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Fall and Winter Suits

$25.00

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Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Optician, 27 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.